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By MARION BUTLER,
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Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. IX. CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1891. No. 22.

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REVIVES many a dull business,
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Respectfully,
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RAZORS SHARP, SHEARS KEEN!
If you want a good job don't fail to call on me. J. H. SIMMONS,
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Raise Turkeys weighing from 30 to 40 pounds, and worth twice as much as common stock, by buying full-blood breeds. Address,
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STATE CAPITAL.

THE PEOPLE WIN IN A GREAT FIGHT OVER THE PETERSBURG CHARTER.

Several Important Bills Fail on Account of the Want of a Quorum.

A TERRIBLE RUSH OF BUSINESS.

SENATE CHAMBER, N. C.,
RALEIGH, March 9, '91.

[Editorial Correspondence.]

At 12 o'clock noon to-day the Legislature of 1891 will pass into history. Its work is before the public for approval or censure—for good or for evil. What has been done is the question that will be asked on all hands. An attempt to answer it here would be futile. No more can be done than to make brief and hasty mention of the work that has been crowded into the last week—it was enough for three weeks.

As was stated in our last communication, the question of 6 per cent. as the highest legal rate of interest came up in the House Monday night. Press of time admitted of little debate, and the bill was tabled after a very brief discussion. So, notwithstanding the Alliance demanded it, the Alliance Legislature, as this body is called, failed to give it. Now what is to be done about it? We shall see. The way to pass a measure is to pledge the members. Let the people take notice.

The public school tax has been fixed at 15 cts on the $100 valuation and 45 cents on on the poll. The House made a hard fight for 14 cents and 42 cents, but a majority of the Senate insisted on 16⅔ cents and 50 cents, and the final arrangement was a compromise.

The House cut the appropriation for the A. & M. College down from $15,000 a year, as the Senate had agreed to, to $10,000. This money is to be used in erecting dormitories and equipping workshops. The salaries of the teachers will be paid out of the money appropriated by Congress.

The House has granted the Petersburg railroad a charter for two years only and passed a bill repealing the provisions in the Code allowing the Secretary of State to grant railroad charters as applicable to a northern outlet for the W. & W. Railroad. The Senate will pass upon this important question this morning, and our readers will get the result in this issue. If the W. & W. Railroad cannot be forced to pay taxes, the people must know the reason why, and every honorable means to bring about that result must be exhausted before the effort is abandoned.

The new Deaf and Dumb Asylum will be located at Morganton. The House decided in favor of Raleigh, but the Senate substituted Morganton and the House concurred.

The University gets $2,500 for repairs upon the buildings. The Governor's Mansion gets $250 for steps, &c., and $1,500 for furniture.

The House agreed to the appropriation of $10,000 for the Geological Survey, after amending the bill to make it apply to timbers as well as minerals.

One of the hardest contests of the session in the House was over the appropriation of $25,000 to make a State exhibit at the Chicago Exposition in 1893. The debate was long and earnest, but the appropriation was made by a vote of 61 to 24. The money is to come out of the $377,000 direct tax recently refunded to the State by Congress. A North Carolinian can now go to the Exposition without being ashamed to tell where he lives.

Saturday was the 60th day of the session. The pay did not expire till that night; yet the House was without a quorum at the afternoon session. No member should leave here till the gavel falls and this body adjourns sine die. The last two days are the most important of the session. This is the time when jobs and mean legislation is slipped through.

Two important bills were on the calendar, regulating the liabilities of railroads for killing stock, both having passed the Senate. One provided that the railroads must pay for all stock killed or fence in their roads. The other, introduced by the Senator from Sampson, made the railroads pay the attorney's fee of parties whom they forced to sell them for the value of stock killed. A large majority of the members present voted for the bills, but Mr. Sutton, of Cumberland, demanded a quorum on the first, and Mr. Morton, of New Hanover, on the latter, and so both were lost. The people ought to enquire why members left and broke a quorum.

Later:—At 10:30 this morning (Monday) the people won the most important victory of the session or in twenty-five years. It was to repeal chapter 49 of the Code so that the W. & W. Railroad could not get a charter for a northern outlet before the Secretary of State as they could have done under that general law. After this was passed the Senate then chartered the Petersburg road for two years only. So at the end of two years the W. & W. Railroad must give up its exemption from taxation or lose its connection with the Petersburg road at Weldon. This will put $10,000,000 of property on the tax list of the State.

Autryville Dots.

(Special Correspondent.)

Mr. Editor—I think it about time for Autryville to be heard from again, as I see in the issue of the 26th ult., that the correspondent of this place has been trying so hard to get one of the girls spoken of some time ago. (So says Mr. Swinburn writing from Roseboro.) Now, Mr. Editor, I was not aware of the fact before that I was making such strenuous efforts to get a girl, and since I have failed thus far in my grand undertaking, it is very likely I have said it wrong to that particular girl, and would therefore be highly pleased to have the good brother Swinburn from Roseboro come up and teach me how to tell it, since he, from what I can learn, is well versed in the art of love-making "having been for many years on the marriageble list, he ought "surely" to know by this time the most pleasant and successful mode of popping the all-important question. But I feel that I should still be left were I to take his advice with regard to anything relating to matrimony, as he has been so very unsuccessful in the matrimonial world for he is still tramping along the dreary old path of singleness. But he has not yet taken possession of this dear worshipped idol of his heart's desire, and for this reason we sympathize with him, for he seems to possess a very sympathetic heart, for he (in the most glowing language) wishes us much success in being so fortunate as to procure the much coveted prize to make bright and happy and cheerful the building to which he alluded to in his article. Well, we extend to him our sincere and most heartfelt thanks for informing us that we are trying to get the girl, for we never knew it before. So, girls, look sharp; we're coming! We will say no more about this at present but we do wish he would consider the fact that the freight receipts of Autryville are more than tor any other two places on the road between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

Well, our old friend "Amicus," of Mingo, has given us a little lick also, just because he said we paid a tribute to the Sampson girls.

During the past few days Autryville has been honored by the presence of several of them: Miss Martha Johnson, of Clinton, has recently paid a short visit to Mrs. Thomas Cooper at this place; Miss Anna Herring, of Clear Run, has been visiting friends and relatives in and around Autryville; Miss Jennie McPhail, has recently returned to her home, in Western Sampson, expressing herself as being well pleased with her visit here; Miss Bettie Cooper, of Salem, was in town last Saturday; Mrs. Harriet Spivey, of Clinton, has been spending some time with her sister here, Mrs. Thos. Cooper; Miss Mary Hicks, of Mount Olive, who is teaching music at Hayne, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Jake Miller, of Faison's, was down on business last week, and we understand that he brought for Mr. B. L. Culbreth, one of Autryville's enterprising young men, who proposes to go into the trucking business, 9,000 strawberry plants. Look out again, girls, for before "The Roses Come Again" Mr. Culbreth will be around with a sample of them. So don't be carried away with the berries instead of the gentleman. No more at present.

CORRESPONDENT.
Autryville, March 2d, '91.

Giddensville Items.

Mr. M. C. Giddens and family have moved on the farm of his father, J. W. Giddens, to attend the same, and seems to be getting along splendid Has done more work for the length of time he has been up here than anybody we have visited in the county.

Mr. J. O. Clifton is very ill at the time being, and has been so ever since his return from Durham, selling his last years crop of tobacco.

Miss Barbara Troublefield is teaching at the Hines' school house.

Mr. Satchel Boyette has his notice up that he will have fresh fish at the above named place on every Saturday.

Mr. Owen Darden has purchased Mr. Thos. Darden's part of mill, formerly owned by William, the son of Owen and Thomas Darden.

Mr. E. B. McCullen, formerly of this neighborhood, but from New York, is visiting parents and friends in this immediate section.

EPHRAM.

DUNRAVEN RANCH

A Story of American Frontier Life.

By Capt. CHARLES KING, U. S. A.,
Author of "The Colonel's Daughter," "From the Ranks," "The Deserter," Etc.

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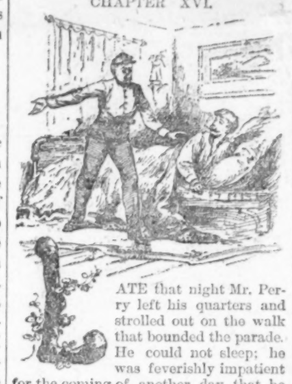
CHAPTER XVI.



ATE that night Mr. Perry left his quarters and strolled out on the walk that bounded the parade. He could not sleep; he was feverishly impatient for the coming of another day, that he might start forth on his ride to Dunraven. A "spin" around the parade or out on the starlit prairie might soothe his nerves and enable him to sleep.

All lights were out in the quadrangle, save those at the guard house. Even at Belknap's quarters, where the veranda had been thronged with officers and ladies only an hour before, all was now silence and darkness. Unwilling to attract attention by tramping up and down on the board walk, he crossed the road and went out on the broad level of the parade, but took care so to direct his steps as not to come within hailing distance of the guard house. It would be awkward work explaining the situation to the sergeant of the guard in case the sentry were to see or hear and challenge him.

He edged well over to his left as he walked, and so it happened that he found himself, after a while, opposite the northeast entrance to the post, and close to the road on which stood the commissary and quartermaster storehouses. There was a sentry posted here, too, and it would not do to be challenged by him any more than by "Number One."

Stopping a moment to listen for the sentry's footfall, Perry's ear was attracted by the sound of a door slowly and cautiously opened. It was some little time before he could tell from which one of the neighboring buildings, looming there in the darkness, the sound proceeded. Then he heard muffled footsteps and a whispered consultation not far away, and hurrying on tiptoe in the direction of the sound he presently caught sight of two or three shadowy forms moving noiselessly along the porch of the company quarters nearest him. Stryker's troop, that to which he belonged, was quartered down beyond the guard house on the lower side of the parade; these forms were issuing from the barracks of Capt. Wayne's troop, and before Perry could realize the fact that they were out either in moccasins or their stocking feet, and presumably therefore on some unlawful enterprise, they had disappeared around the corner of the building. He walked rapidly thither, turned the corner and they were nowhere in sight or hearing. Stopping to listen did not help matters at all. He could not hear a sound, and as for the shadows of which he was in pursuit, it was simply impossible to tell which direction they had taken. They had vanished from the face of the earth and were lost in the deeper gloom that hung about the scattered array of wooden buildings—store houses, fuel sheds and cook sheds—at the rear of the post.

Had it been his own troop he could have roused the first sergeant and ordered a "check" roll call as a means of determining at once who the night prowlers might be; but Capt. Wayne had his peculiarities, and one of them was an unalterable and deeply rooted objection to any interference on the part of other officers in the management of his men. Perry's first thought, too, was of the stables and Sergt. Gwynne. Were they meditating another foray, and had the feeling spread outside their own company? No time was to be lost. He turned his face eastward to where the dark outlines of the stables could be dimly traced against the sky, and hastened, stumbling at times over stray tin cans and other discarded rubbish, until he crossed the intervening swale and reached the low bluff along which the crude, unpainted structures were ranged. All was darkness here towards the northern end, and the one sentry who had external charge of the entire line was slowly pacing his post; Perry could see his form, dimly outlined, as he breasted the slope, and it determined him to keep on in the hollow until he got to a point opposite the stables of his own troop. If there was to be any devilment it might be well to see whether this soldier, too, would turn out to be in league with the conspirators. Listening intently as he hurried along, but hearing nothing, Perry soon found himself at the pathway leading to his own domain, and the next minute was gazing in surprise at a light burning dimly in the window of the little room occupied by Sergt. Gwynne; there was not a glimmer elsewhere along the line.

Striding up to the window, he tapped lightly, and Gwynne's voice sternly challenged from within, "Who's there?"

"Lieut. Perry, sergeant. Come around and open the stable door for me."

"One moment, sir," was the answer, and he heard the sergeant bounding, apparently, off his bed. Then a hand drew aside the shade, and Gwynne's face appeared at the window, while a small lantern was held so as to throw its rays on the face without, "All right, sir," he continued. "I thought I could not be deceived in the voice."

Perry walked around to the front again, taking another survey of the sleeping garrison as he did so, and listening once more for footsteps; but all was still. Presently the little panel in the big door was unlocked from within, and the lieutenant bent low and entered, finding Gwynne, lantern in hand, standing in his uncompromising attitude of "attention" at the entrance.

"Everything been quiet here to-night?" he asked, as he straightened up.

"Perfectly so, sir."

"Come into your room a moment; I want to speak to you," said Perry, after a moment's reflection.

They passed along the broad gangway between the rows of sleepy horses, some lying down in their stalls, others still afoot and munching at their hay. The stable guard stood at his post and faced them as they turned into the dark and narrow passage leading into Gwynne's little sanctuary. The lamps along the line of stalls burned low and dim, and, the ports being lowered, gave no gleam without the walls. Once more, however, a bright light shone from the window of the stable sergeant's room—brighter than before, could they only know it, for this time there was no intervening shade. After his brief inspection of the lieutenant's face, Gwynne had left it drawn.

The sergeant set his lantern on a wooden desk, and respectfully waited for his superior to speak. Perry looked him well over a moment, and then began:

"Did you tell Capt. Stryker the particulars of your rough treatment down there at the ranch?"

"The rough treatment—yes, sir."

"Would you mind telling me where you were taken?—where you saw Dr. Quin?"

The sergeant hesitated one moment, a troubled look on his face. His one available eye studied his lieutenant's features attentively. Something in the frank, kind blue eyes—possibly some sudden recollection, too—seemed to reassure him.

"It was to Mr. Cowan's little house, sir. He interposed to save me from a worse beating at the hands of three brutes who were employed there and had some grudge against this garrison of which I was ignorant. They attacked me without a word of warning. It was he, too, who called in Dr. Quin."

"Have you—did you see any of the people at Dunraven besides this young man?"

"I saw his mother, sir. She is a nurse there, and has been in the family for years, I am told."

Perry was silent a moment. Then he spoke again:

"Have you heard any further threats among the men here since the arrest of Sergt. Leary?"

Gwynne hesitated, coloring painfully:

"It is something I hate to speak of, sir. The talk has not alarmed me in the least."

"I know that, sergeant. All the same we want to prevent a recurrence of that performance, and it was that, mainly, that brought me over here. I saw some men stealing out of M troop's quarters awhile ago, and lost them in the darkness. I thought they might be coming over here, and—got here first."

Gwynne's face lighted up. It touched him to know his officers were on the lookout for his safety.

"I have heard nothing, sir. The men would hardly be apt to speak to me on the subject, since the affair of the other night. What I fear is simply this—that there is an element here in the regiment that is determined to get down there to the ranch and have satisfaction for the assault that was made on you and your party. They need horses in order to get there and back between midnight and reveille, and are doubtless hatching some plan. They failed here; now they may try the stables of some other troop or the quartermaster's. Shall I warn the sentry that there are prowlers out to-night?"

"Not yet. They will hardly make the attempt while your light is burning here. What I'm concerned about just now is this: We all know that there is deep sympathy for Leary in the command, and it is not improbable that among the Irishmen there is corresponding feeling against you. I don't like your being here alone just now, for they know you are almost the only witness against him."

"I have thought of that, sir," answered Gwynne, gravely, "but I want nothing that looks like protection. The captain has spoken of the matter to me, and he agreed, sir, that it would do more harm than good. There is one thing I would ask—if I may trouble the lieutenant."

"What is it, sergeant?"

"I have a little packet, containing some papers and a trinket or two, that I would like very much to have kept safely, and, if anything should happen to me, to have you, sir, and Capt. Stryker open it, and—the letters there will explain everything that is to be done."

"Certainly. I will take care of it for you—if not too valuable."

"I would rather know it was with you, sir, than stow it in the quartermaster's safe," was Gwynne's answer, as he opened a little wooden chest at the foot of his bunk, and, after rummaging a moment, drew forth a parcel tied and sealed. This he handed to the lieutenant.

"Now I will go back and notify the officer of the guard of what I have seen," said Perry; "and I want Nolan, saddled, over at my quarters right after morning stables. Will you see to it?"

"I will, sir, and thank you for your kindness."

All was darkness, all silence and peace as Perry retraced his steps and went back to the garrison, carrying the little packet in his hand. He went direct to the guard house, and found Mr. Graham sulky over being disturbed in his snooze by the sentry's challenge.

"What the devil are you owling around this time of night for?" was the not unnatural question. "I thought it was the officer of the day, and nearly broke my neck in hurrying out here."

But Perry's brief recital of the fact that he had seen some men stealing out of the quarters of M troop in their stocking feet or moccasins put an end to Graham's complaints. Hastily summoning the sergeant of the guard, he started out to make the rounds of his sentries, while Perry carried his packet home, locked it in his desk, and then returned to the veranda to await developments.

Sergt. Gwynne, meantime, having lighted his young officer to the stable door, stood there a few moments, looking over the silent garrison and listening to the retreating footsteps. The sentry came pacing along the front of the stables, and brought his carbine down from the shoulder as he dimly sighted the tall figure; but, recognizing the stable sergeant as he came nearer, the ready challenge died on his lips.

"I thought I heard somebody moving around down here, sergeant. It was you, then, was it?"

"I have been moving around—inside—but made no noise. Have you heard footsteps or voices?"

"Both, I thought; but it's as black as your hat on this beat to-night. I can't see my hand afore my face."

"Keep your ears open, then; there are men out from one of the quarters, at least, and no telling what they are up to. Who's in charge at the quartermaster's stables?"

"Sergt. Reilly, of the infantry: some of the fellows were over having a little game with him before tattoo, and I heard him tell 'em to come again when they had more money to lose. He and his helper there were laughing at the way they cleaned out the cavalry when they were locking up at taps. The boys fetched over a bottle of whisky with 'em."

"Who were they?"

"Oh, there was Flanagan and Murphy, of M troop, and Corporal Donovan and one or two others. They hadn't been drinkin'."

"But Riley had—do you mean?"

"He was a little full; not much."

"Well, look alive now, Wicks. It's my advice to you that you watch that end of your post with all your eyes." And with this Sergt. Gwynne turned back into the stable, picked up his lantern and returned to the little room in which he slept. A current of cool night air, blowing in through the open casement, attracted his attention. Odd! He knew he had pulled aside the shade to scan the features of the lieutenant when he tapped at the pane, but he could not recall having opened the sash. It swung on a hinge, and was fastened by a loosely fitting bolt. Perhaps the rising wind had blown it in. He set his lamp down as before, closed the sash and then closed and locked the lid of his chest. That, too, was open. Wicks, the sentry, well up to the north end of his post and close to the entrance of the quartermaster's corral, was bawling: "Half past 12 o'clock, and a-all's well," when the light went out in Gwynne's little room, and all the line of stables was wrapped in darkness.

Perry fretted around the veranda until 1 o'clock, then sought his room. He was still too excited to sleep, and it seemed an interminable time before he dozed off. Then it seemed as though he could not have been in dreamland five minutes before a hand was laid upon his shoulder, shaking him vigorously, and a voice he well knew was exclaiming, in low but forcible tones:

"Wake, lieutenant, wake! Every horse is gone from the quartermaster's corral. There must be twenty men gone down the valley. I've Nolan here for you at the gate."

In ten minutes Lieut. Perry and Sergt. Gwynne were riding neck and neck out over the eastern prairie—out towards the paling orient stars and the faintly gleaming sky—before them, several miles away, the dark and threatened walls of Dunraven, behind them the stir and excitement and bustle consequent upon a night alarm. The colonel, roused by Perry with the news, had ordered the instant sounding of the assembly, and the garrison was tumbling out for roll call.

[Continued next week.]

A Safe Investment
Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY'S Drug Store, Clinton, and DR. J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mt. Olive, N. C.

SLAM HER IN.—
The story is told of a country editor who had met with an accident. When he recovered consciousness his rival was present and yelled in his ear: "I'm very sorry for you, sir."
"You are, eh; what for?"
"They say you've broken your spinal column."
"Confound that boy! He's dropped the form again. Fill it with slugs and slam her in."—Ex.

You are in a Bad Fix
But we will cure you if you will pay us. Our message is to the weak, nervous and debilitated, who, by early evil habits, or later indiscretions, have trifled away their vigor of body, mind and manhood, and suffer all those effects which lead to premature decay, consumption or insanity. If this means you, send for and read our BOOK OF LIFE, written by the greatest Specialist of the day, and sent (sealed) for 6 cents in stamps. Address Dr. Parker's Medical and Surgical Institute, 151 North Spruce St., Nashville, Tenn.

IF YOU SEE IT IN THE—— IT'S SO.—
"Why are you so sure Hill is the coming man for President?"
"I saw it in a paper my uncle sent me."
"Where does your uncle live?"
"Rattlesnake Gulch, Lynch county, Texas."—Puck.

Merit Wins.
We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale by DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Druggist, Clinton, and Dr. J. R. SMITH, Mount Olive, N. C.

Landlady—Let's see, Mr. Impecune owes me for three week's board. You needn't mind dusting Mr. Impecune's room this morning, Jane.
Jane—No mum, the gentleman's done it hisself.
Landlady—Done what?
Jane—Dusted.—American Grocer.

SENATOR BRYAN'S SCHOOL BILL.

Senator Bryan, of Duplin, has introduced a bill which provides that the school fund of North Carolina, from all sources whatever or wherever derived, be apportioned equitable and divided on a per capita basis among the children of the State of the ages from six to twenty-one years of age. The text of the bill is as follows:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO APPORTION THE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND AMONG THE SCHOOL POPULATION OF THE STATE.

Whereas, The existing system of public schools in North Carolina is a county system, and furnishes very unequal facilities to the children of the State, the amount of school fund varying with the accidental location of children in wealthy or poor counties; the terms of schools varying from eight weeks in the poor counties, to twenty weeks in the more fortunate and wealthy counties, in contravention of the intent and spirit of the Constitution of North Carolina, which evidently meant by a general and uniform system of public schools to give each child in the State an equal chance, and to give special privileges to none; therefore the General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That all taxes levied by the General Assembly of N. C. for free school purposes shall be accounted for at the State Treasury subject to free school purposes (except such school moneys as the Constitution requires to remain in the counties) and shall be equitably divided among the children of the State of the ages from six to twenty-one years upon a per capita basis.

Section 2. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction, by and through the co-operation of the Sheriffs and County Boards of Education of the State, shall adopt such methods as he may deem practicable to put the above Act in execution, and all laws or statutes in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This Act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Mr. Bryan's argument if favor of this bill is as follows:

"That it conforms to the demands of the Constitution of North Carolina, chapter 9, section 2, which commands a general and uniform system of free schools for the State, wherever tuition shall be free of charge, to all the children of the State between the ages of six and twenty-one years, and that the General Assembly of North Carolina shall provide by taxation or otherwise the funds to keep this system of free schools in operation four months in the year in each school district in the various counties of the State; and that the commissioners of the counties failing to execute the above demand of the Constitution shall be liable to indictment.

Now it is evidently true that the good men who formed our State Constitution did not intend that county commissioners of the various counties should be indicted until the Assembly provided the funds, a plain inference that the Constitution demands four months free school in every school district in all the counties of the State. This last provision of the Constitution gives strong and plain evidence that the framers of the Constitution meant to extend to the poor children of the State the same opportunities for obtaining an education as the rich children, so far as the free school system extends, and from the general and recognized fact by civilized christian nations that religion, virtue and intelligence are necessary to the happiness and prosperity of the people and to the stability of good government.

2nd. The inference is conclusive that the enlightened nations of the earth adopt free schools to extend the means of education to their poor and indigent citizens, who are deprived of the means of education without State or national aid.

So strongly are nations impressed with the necessity of education to good citizenship that they adopt laws compelling attendance at free schools, viz: Prussia has these compelling laws and it was stated that in the Prussian division of the German army in the late war with France that there were only three soldiers in the 100 that could not read and write.

The objection to the free school system of North Carolina, as now executed, is that it does not afford equal and uniform opportunities of education to the children of the State. The school term varies in length with the wealth of the counties, from six weeks in poor counties to twenty or more in the wealthier counties, defeating the object of free schools, which is to give education to those unable to obtain it out of their own means. Whatever may have been the motives of the shrewd unscrupulous men who contrived the present methods of executing the free school system of this State, the result is that it discriminates against the poor children and gives special privileges to the rich. It ignores that community of interest which is and should be appreciated by citizens of all States and is manifestly unjust to the poor counties, for the reason that all the counties, or nearly all, that own wealth above the average county has obtained their wealth by having large villages, towns or cities within their borders, to which the poor agricultural counties carry their products and take the price given by citizens of towns, and buy their clothes, tools and groceries at prices fixed by the merchants, and merchants and dealers in cotton add tobacco, though in the main just and fair, grow rich. Four years ago the town property of the State was assessed for taxation at $24,000,000, and is now assessed at $33,500,000, showing a gain of $9,500,000 in four years, whilst, the lands of the formers four years ago were assessed at one hundred and two millions, and now at one hundred and five million dollars, a gain of three millions in four years, as compared with nine and a half millions gained by the towns. Now I think the conclusion of every fair minded and patriotic citizen of the State will be that the thirty-six counties which own one hundred and twenty-nine million dollars of the two hundred and twenty-six million dollars of the assessed value of the whole State, and in which is included all the large towns and villages, leaving only ninety-seven million dollars as the assessed value of the property of the fifty-nine poor agricultural counties will be, that the thirty-six rich counties ought to willingly pay over to the poor fifty-nine farming counties, the thousands of dollars asked to equalize the school fund among the children of the State, as an equivalent for the millions of dollars they receive from the farming counties, in buying from and selling to them. There are nine counties which have large towns and cities which are railroad centers, including one sea port city, which own $54,000,000, nearly one-fourth the wealth of the whole State, who are bound by the strongest demands of justice, to pay over the thousands of dollars necessary to equalize the school term, for the children of the State, as a partial equivalent for the millions of dollars they receive yearly from the agricultural counties. Money expended on the bright minds of the children of the State is like seed sown in good soil, which brings forth fruit some twenty, some fifty fold, for the progress and development of our State, and for the happiness and prosperity of the people. Intelligent labor yields four times the results of ignorant labor, as is shown by comparing the agricultural products of the United States, with that of British India, the per capita product of the United States is $82.00, that of India $8.00.

I think this Legislature is composed of men of independent, thinking minds, who know the truth of a good and just thing when they see it, without regard to the source from which it comes, and I am therefore encouraged to speak plainly and freely,

For, at every trifle to take offence,
Shows either great pride, or little sense.

Equal rights for all and special privileges for none, is the theory of the Alliance men and of their friends and political co-operators. And I hope they will be as sincere in practice as they are in profession, for I believe the bill involves higher aims and motives than the loss or gain of a few thousand dollars. The Constitution of the State demands such a bill, the public welfare of the people of the State also, and the benefits conferred by the bill are reciprocal.

Now we had in the Senate some eloquent and patriotic speeches on a bill appropriating money for the disabled indigent Confederate soldiers, with which I heartily sympathised and this school bill fills an obligation to the poor children of a much larger number of North Carolina soldiers, who lest their lives on the battle fields and in the hospitals, and whose remains are scattered around Richmond, Yorktown, Gettysburg, Petersburg and many other places too numerous to mention, whose children are largely involved.

Among the poor of the State, when the war ended, the dead soldiers widows and children, deprived of the wise head to direct, and strong arms to aid their efforts, in the struggle for existence and financial progress, necessarily fell behind in the race and numerous among the poor in the 59 poorer counties. Grant this appeal for the poor and stop all unnecessary taxation, and tariff for revenue only, add the issue of legal tender treasury notes sufficient to do the business of the country on a cash basis and the property of the State will soon double the revenue under present constitutional limitations."

The Attorney-General, we understand, sustains Mr. Bryan in his position. To show further the inequality of the school facilities in the different counties, we publish the following facts which were furnished by Mr. Bryan:

THE SCHOOL FUND OF NORTH CAROLINA:

Total for 1890, $721,756. Divided by the number of children of the ages from six years to twenty-one, 586,000 children, gives as an average to each child, $ 1 22

Sampson gets for each child,			90
Duplin	"	"	85
Ashe	"	"	59
New Hanover	"	"	3 09
Durham	"	"	2 57
Mecklenburg	"	"	1 77
Buncombe	"	"	1 55
Forsythe	"	"	2 59
Wake	"	"	2 22
Mitchell	"	"	72
Edgecombe,	"	"	2 80

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.
TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.,
181 Pearl st., New York.

The New York Continent expatiates most graphically on the noses of many fair women. A good many people think with sadness of the noes of many fair women.—St. Joseph news.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Entered according to Postal Laws at Clinton, N. C., as second class mail matter.

CLINTON, N. C.,—MARCH 12 1891.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

VARIOUS ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED, AND BRIEFLY STATED SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Hereafter State Solicitors are to be elected like the Judges.

Senator Wilson, of Maryland, died suddenly Tuesday night of last week.

Gen'l Gorman, United States Senator of Georgia, has joined the Farmers' Alliance.

North Carolina will get $337,000 from the United States under the Refunding act.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Atkinson, a distinguished Presbyterian divine, died at his home, in Warrenton, last Friday.

The General Assembly appropriated $25,000 for her representation at the World's Fair to be held in Chicago.

One of the cotton mills of Georgia has just made a shipment of goods to Manchester, England.—Wil. Star.

The increase of the white population in North Carolina between 1880 and 1890, was 20 per cent. and more, while the negro increase was 7 per cent.

The first act of a Democratic Congress should be the incorporation of the ten commandments into the politics of the country.—Reidsville Review.

The Greensboro Patriot, a large, neat paper, passes under control of Mr. H. M. Morton. Mr. W. N. Scales, who for some time has been editing it retires.

Hon. Jerry Simpson, of Kansas, scouts the idea of gold being a money standard when there "isn't enough of it in the world to fill the decayed teeth of humanity."—Wil. Star.

Gov. David B. Hill, of New York, has been invited to make the address on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument of Henry W. Grady in Atlanta, during this summer. It is understood that he will accept.

New York is a great State and we like her, but we want to see the day when the Democratic party can nominate a candidate for the Presidency without truckling to New York.—Wil. Star.

A Press dispatch from Washington, D. C., says the Census Bureau announces the population of North Carolina by races as follows: Whites, 1,049,191; Colored, 567,170; Indian, 1,571; Chinese, 15. Total 1,617,947.

The York Herald disposes of the Radical Revolutionists after this wise: "The Fifty-first Congress has expired. The only good thing it did was to die. It has been scrupulously indifferent to the welfare of the people."

Sugar is going down. On April 1st, when the duty on raw sugars is taken off, the price of the refined article to consumers will be dropped about two cents per pound, and the people will enjoy the cheapest sugar ever known in this country.—New Berne Journal.

Now that Congress has adjourned President Harrison will be left to the tender mercies and magnetic machinations of Mr. Blaine. Both these gentlemen will bear watching, for their four glittering eyes are fixed on the year of our Lord 1892.—N. Y. Herald, Ind.

Monroe High School was destroyed by fire on last Thursday. Two young boys, Thos. T. Pemberton, of Little Rock, Ark., and Albert Bost, of Bost's Mills, N. C., perished in the flames. The building was completely destroyed, together with the school furniture, four pianos and the library. The origin of the fire is not known.

The election of Mr. Peffer in Kansas and of Mr. Kyle in South Dakota, both independents, reduces the Republican majority in the Senate to four. If Gen'l Palmer should be chosen by the Democrats and the farmers' party in Illinois that majority will fall to two, with the possibility of further loss after March 4th, 1893. The most vital consideration to the country at large in this connection is the fact that the House of the Fifty-second Congress is known to be in favor of free silver coinage by about two thirds, and the accessions to the Senate are pledged to the same experiment. Well may the business interests of the East and centre rally around the leaders in the respective old parties who contend for conservative methods.—Washington Star, Ind.

The heaviest burdens of the farmers of North Carolina come from the operation of the high protective system. They cannot be prosperous until this, the greatest of all the evils from which they are suffering is removed, and the whole country is blessed with a vigorous, patriotic Administration.—New

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S Ointment.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

[Regular Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March. 10.

The United States Treasury is bankrupt, as far as the reckless and extravigant appropriations voted by the Republican Congress can make it so, and it would be actually so to-day if all of the appropriations had to be paid at once. In the dying hours of the 51st Congres the Republicans threw prudence, conscience, fear of a hereafter and every other restraining influence overboard, and voted for every possible thing that promised to assist in the looting of the Treasury, which their leaders had agreed upon for a purpose of confronting the Democratic congress with a deficiency. Old mouldy claims that had been refused a hundred times were tacked on the appropriation bills, and railroaded through, extra salaries were voted to employes who are already paid beyond their deserts, and money was scattered around in every direction as though the Treasuay was overflowing with a surplus, as it was two years ago when turned over to the Republicans.

Where the money is to come from to pay all of these wild appropriations is more than any one can see at this time; it isn't in the Treasury, nor can it possibly get there under the present methods of taxation. Two years of Democratic economy in the House and a purging of the pension rolls of the frauds thereon may pull the country through without making it necessary to put new taxes upon the already tariff ridden people.

The Republican ex-Representatives are loath to leave Washington until Mr. Harrison has distributed the plums now at his disposal, which includes nine new United States Circuit Court Judges, as provided by the new law, which purports to be for the relief of the Supreme Court, but Mr. Harrison proposes to try their patience, as he is going to Maryland to-morrow for a few days of wild duck shooting and says he will do nothing in the matter until his return.

Ex-Speaker Reed has a pretty thick skin, but he couldn't hide the chagrin he felt when every Democrat in the House voted against the unusual resolution of thanks that Mr. McKinley, after vainly trying to persuade a Democrat to do it, had offered. Served him right is the verdict among Democrats.

Senator Nilas is here looking just as natural as when he so successfully presided over the Interior Department under Mr. Cleveland. He says that Wisconsin has cut loose from the Republican party for good and all, and that her vote may be confidently counted upon for the Democratic candidate next year.

It is pleasing to know that the Fifty-first Congress did one good thing. It passed the International copy-right bill, although it was apparently done under a misunderstanding, and Mr. Harrison signed it with a quill pen, from the wing of an American eagle, which had been provided for the occasion by one of the editors of The Century Magazine.

Senator Edmunds is entitled to thanks for having balked Senator Plumb's scheme for transferring the employes of the Census bureau to the regular classified departmental service, without the formality of a civil service examination. Mr. Plumb attempted to hitch it on to an appropriation bill, but Mr. Edmunds raised a point of order against it, which was sustained by the chair.

And while giving thanks I must not forget the Democrats in the House, who with the aid of a few Republicans jumped upon the Pacific cable subsidy "jot" after it had been agreed to by a conference committee, and strangled the life from it.

The Democratic Senators also deserve well for the smartness they displayed in preventing the mail subsidy bill from being sent to a conference committee, which would surely have incorporated the tonnage subsidy bill in it. It is much better to accept the least of two evils than to have to take them both.

Senator Ingalls made a very "small" use of his last official hour. He dismissed the clerk of the committee of which he was chairman and appointed his son, Paul Ingalls, clerk to the committee. The object lies in the fact that the clerk draws all his salary during the recess, but does no work. Senator Wolcott at once employed the dismissed clerk as his private Secretary.

There were some disgraceful scenes at the last night session of Congress, caused by that old time offender, John Barleycorn. The tipsy statesmen were kept off the floors of House and Senate with some difficulty by their antics in the committee rooms and corridors were witnessed by many.

BATTLING WITH SNOWBALLS.

Struggle Between the Girl Sophs and Freshies of Smith College.

Smith college girls have just had a novel experience. It was a snowball battle between the "sophs" and "freshies," and the former won after a spirited fight. The sophs were led by Capt. Wilcox and the freshies by Capt. Gain. The young ladies were dressed in their "gym" suits, and were prepared for a regular rough and tumble racket. The signal for the commencement of hostilities was given by the gymnasium instructor, Miss Adams, and the fun began. Capt. Wilcox's shot hit a daring freshman in the front rank directly on the right ear.

A cheer went up from the fort, and the old gold banner was waved aloft; but one shot does not win a battle. The freshmen had marched upon the campus with a determination to win the fort, and the flag if they could, in the half hour allotted to the battle. The most reckless sallied up to the very walls. Here they met a perfect volley of grapeshot, from which all but one tall, handsome brunette flinched.

She threw three balls inside the fort at three of the largest sophomores with unerring aim. One hit a set of dazzling white teeth, another would have pierced the heart had it been a bullet, but before the third had taken effect there was a sophomore cheer. A bold sortie had been made, and sophomores were mauling the daring besieger, but for a moment only. The freshmen rushed back like a drove of prairie ponies wildly charging. Then began a hand to hand encounter which muddled the amateurs with kodaks awfully. It was muscle, and nothing else.

"Why, those horrid things actually threw me down and walked on me," said one of the sophomore lieutenants indignantly.

The cascades of hair came tumbling down like Humpty Dumpty, and one warrior's eye had a dismal hue. There was some "tackling" that would have done credit to football at Jarvis field. The Chicago and Pennsylvania recruits distinguished themselves by special acts of bravery. Again and again did the crimson freshmen enter the fort, until it looked as though they would rout the gold utterly, but the plucky sophs succeeded in driving back the invaders at every onslaught. When the bugle blew at the end the sophomores held the fort, with their golden banner still floating.—Cor. New York Sun.

Manners, Not Mannerism.

"Men's behavior," observes Bacon, "should be, like their dress, not too straight or point device, but free for exercise or motion." There can be no genial fellowship between affable, courteous people and your stiff backed formalists; while the intercourse of the latter with one another is necessarily dull and dreary to the last degree. They can no more enjoy society in their strait jackets of cold reserve than a wretch in the stocks could enjoy the hilarity of the crowd around him. Whoever desires to make friends should be cordial and conciliatory.

Nobody cares for automatic men and women who seem to go by clock work, and to want oiling at that. The error of utter unreserve should be avoided, too. It is less repulsive than its opposite, but it does infinitely more mischief. A man had better seal up his thoughts and feelings in his own breast than sputter them forth, in season and out of season, to everybody he meets. Such incontinency of speech is sure to make the person guilty of it unpopular, and to create general embarrassment and alarm in the circle in which he moves. —New York Ledger.

Australia's Pastoral Areas.

Australia has in her vast pastoral areas sources of wealth as great and more permanent than those of her mines. Already she has nearly 100,000,000 of sheep, which in the mild climate and under the sunny sky of the country require no shelter throughout the year and no food beyond what they get on the open plains. It is true that the sunny sky may change to a sky of brass, and that drought is the dread of the Australian shepherd, herdsman and farmer. Occasionally there is a succession of dry seasons, and then sheep have perished by millions and cattle by thousands on the more remote stations.

To master recurring droughts is the great problem of Australia's inland future. Here, as elsewhere, nature challenges man's free advance and places some special obstacle in his way. Australians are facing their task with energy, confidence and with promise of much success. They have learned the art of drawing wealth even from scrub land, of which a single sheep requires several acres for its support. Irrigation works on a large scale have been begun in Victoria and south Australia. —Century.

Raising Sand by Suction.

An improved process for raising sand has been patented in England. A barge is used, having a tank to receive drainage or overflow of water therefrom. A pulsometer or other pump is furnished with a suction pipe—part rigid and part flexible—to reach to the bed or bank of sand, which is drawn through it and deposited in the tank. Around the mouth of the suction pipe are placed a number of hollow prongs, suitably connected with another pump. Through these prongs jets of water from the water hole of the barge are forced, and the sand thus loosened is readily taken up by the suction pipe.—New York Telegram.

A Remarkable Accident.

A curious accident happened in the autumn of 1889 during a trial of a second class torpedo boat belonging to the Danish government. The boat was running at full speed in a moderate sea, with the usual number of men on board, when without warning she rolled over and sank. Both engineer and fireman were closed in their compartment. The engineer, Angelo Benson, was standing just forward of his engine, and as he felt the listing of the boat he grasped the handle of the hatch, meaning to open it; but the boat went over, and just as he was about to escape the oil tank was emptied on his head, nearly suffocating him.

Upon recovering Benson found that the rush of water was too great to allow his escape. So he coolly waited until the interior of the boat was filled, and then pulled himself through the hatchway and struck out for the surface, where he found several of the crew swimming about and waiting to be relieved. The accident was due to some error in the distribution of weights. The boat was raised, rearranged and is now doing good service.

A Greenhorn in the Market.

"It amazes me," said a business man, "how quickly tradesmen will detect a greenhorn. I have never done any marketing in my life, but the other day, when I got through my work at the office early, I thought I would go down to the markets and do some buying just as a surprise for my wife. Well, I spent two hours making a fool of myself. I had the greatest difficulty in the world finding what I wanted, and after finding it I was stunned by the outrageous prices which I was asked to pay. I knew that they were outrageous because I had heard my wife quote the price of things until I had caught an idea of their average cost.

"I went home without buying a cent's worth of anything, but took home with me so great a respect for my wife's financial ability that I told her the whole story, and when she laughed at me took her teazing good naturedly. What surprised me most of all, in fact took my breath away, was that dealers asked of me a higher price in the market for squab than I pay right along at Delmonico's, cooked, dressed, served and all. If any one can explain that to my satisfaction I shall acquire as great a respect for him as I now have for my wife's wonderful ability in providing for a household and paying the bills with so small amount as she asks."—New York Tribune.

An Off Horse.

There are some cases on record of women whose offishness was at least peculiarly troublesome. The wife of the famous Rev. Dr. B. was one of this sort. "My dear," said the doctor one day, "I wish a light lunch for seven of the brethren today." Home he came from the Presbytery at noon, with his invited guests, only to find on the dining table twenty-five burning candles. It was a light lunch indeed! On another occasion he blandly remarked in the old fashioned way: "My dear, will you lay a couple of plates for Dr. S. and Dr. H., who will come home with me at 12?" True to the letter, he found two plates laid on the dining table, but the cupboards and pantry locked and his wife gone.

She led the great preacher a wild life, always pulling offishly. It had been the fate of many great men, from Socrates down to the present, to be hitched to off horses. To pull well together is the ideal of married life, and it is not so easily achieved. Is it very wrong to expect the husband to be one of the horses and the driver, too? Will it be any better if the wife undertake such a double duty? On the whole, is not the true way to dispense with driver and driving altogether and just pull evenly?—Mary E. Spencer in St. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Saving Carbons.

A method for using the short pieces of carbon used in the electric are lights is in operation by the electric light company at Concord, N. H., and it is stated that it saves 30 per cent. of the cost. The trimmers bring to the station all the short pieces of carbon collected on their daily rounds. They are then sorted and matched so as to form a carbon about eight inches in length. They are then placed in a machine which forms a dowel on one piece and a socket in the other, and they are cemented in the joints, the cement being heat proof and a great conductor, so that the light is as steady when the joint is reached. The spliced carbons are used only in the holder. Carbons thus joined have been used for over a year, and the prospect is very successful.—Boston Transcript.

His Voice His Fortune.

At a recent "high jinks" of the Tenderloin club a number of professionals in the theatrical and musical line were present and helped to enliven the occasion by their songs, recitations and funny stories.

Among these were comedian Ed Stevens, of the Casino company, and Signor Tagliapietra, of operatic fame. Mr. Stevens regaled the assemblage with a series of amusing anecdotes, and the signor, in response to repeated calls, sang "The Palms" and other musical selections in his own inimitable style.

Among the guests was an elderly gentleman from Schoharie county, this state, whose knowledge of the stage and its representatives, however, is somewhat limited. At the conclusion of the signor's last song he turned to his friend and innocently remarked:

"That fellow there sings pretty well, doesn't he? Why, I should think he could make his living by singing songs. That's what I'd do, at any rate, if I had his voice. As for that other chap there," he went on, referring to Mr. Stevens, "he'd ought to study for the stage. There's the making of a fine comedian in him."

The countryman was very much disconcerted at the laugh which followed. He was reassured, however, when Signor Tagliapietra came up to him and said, "I am indeed obliged, sir; that was the finest compliment I have ever received in my life."—New York Herald.

A Gentle Hint.

Fred's mamma had trained him by "example and precept" to be courteous, and he seldom forgot the lesson, even under very trying circumstances.

One afternoon a maiden aunt, who was something of a trial to Fred, came to the house while his mamma was away and insisted on his rehearsing all the new verses and songs he had learned at kindergarten since her last visit.

He went through his repertoire patiently until he was quite tired, and still his aunt demanded another and another.

At last Fred said politely, but with considerable firmness, "I'll do just this one more, Aunt Lucretia, and then"—looking anxiously at the clock—"I am afraid you'll have to go, if you don't want to lose your train!"—Youth's Companion.

The Chinese have their tombs built in the shape of the horseshoe, which custom is very curious, as it may be fairly regarded as a branch of superstition long prevalent among ourselves.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents.

DR. SWAYNE & SON,
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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Condensed Schedule

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 19, '90.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 27. Fast mail. Daily.	No. 41 Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv Weldon,	12 30 p m	5 43 pm	6 20 am
Ar Rock Mt.	1 40 "	7 24 "	
Ar Tarboro,	*2 17 "	.....	
Lv Tarboro,	10 35 "	.....	
Ar Wilson,	2 18 "	7 00 pm	7 53am
Lv Wilson,	*2 30 "	.....	
Ar Selma,	3 30 "	..... "	
Ar Fayettevil	5 36 "	.....	
Lv Goldsboro,	3 15 "	7 40 pm	8 40am
Lv Warsaw,	4 10 "	.....	9 34 "
Lv Magnolia,	4 24 "	8 40 "	9 49 "
Ar Wilmingt'n	5 50 "	9 55 "	11 20 "

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 40 Daily ex Sunday
Lv Wilmingt'n	12 30 am	9 15 am	4 pm
Lv Magnolia,	2 05 "	10 57 "	5 36 "
Lv Warsaw		11 11 "	5 53 "
Ar Goldsboro,	3 05 "	12 05 "	6 53 "
Lv Fetteville		*9 20 "	
Ar Selma		11 18 "	
Ar Wilson		12 20 "	
Lv Wilson	3 43 "	12 58pm	7 47p.m
Ar Rocky Mt.		1 30 "	8 18 "
Ar Tarboro		*2 17 "	
Lv Tarboro		10 35 am	
Ar Weldon	5 05 "	2 55 pm	9 30 "

*Daily except Sunday.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch leaves Weldon 3 10 p. m., Halifax 3 32 p m; arrives Scotland Neck at 4 18 p. m., Greenville 6 02 p. m., Kinston 7 10 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 00 a. Greenville 8 10 a. m., arriving Halifax at 10 45 a. m., Weldon 11 05 a m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh railroad, daily except Sunday, 4 05 p. m., Sunday 3 00 p. m., arrive Williamston, N. C., 6 30 p. m., 4 20 p. m., Plymouth 7 5 p. m., 5 20 p. m. Returning leaves leaves Plymouth, daily except Sunday, 6 20 a. m., Sunday 9 00 a. m. Williamston 7 40 a. m., 9 58 a. m.. arrive Tarboro 10 05 a. m.. 11 20 a. m..

Train on Midland, N. C., branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 7 00 a. m. arrive Smithfield, 8 30 a m. Returning leaves Smithfield, 9 00 a. m., arrive Goldsboro, 10 30 a. m..

Train on Nashville branch leaves Rocky Mt, at 3 00 p. m., arrives Nashville 3 40 p. m., Spring Hope 4 15 p. m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 10 00 a. m., Nashville 10 35 a. m., Rocky Mount 11 15 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for clinton, daily, except Sunday, 6 00 p. m., and at 11 15 a m; Returning will leave clinton at 8 20 a m and 3 10 p m, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41 and 40, 23 and 78

Southbound train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No, 51, Northbound is No, 50, Daily except Sunday

Train No 27, South, will stop only at Wilson Goldsboro and Magnolia

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North, daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily, except Sunday via Bay Line

The New York and Florida Special will run tri-weekly, commencing January 19th, eaving Weldon Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 9.50 p. m., arriving Wilming on 2.00 a. m., returning leave Wilmington Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 2.00 a. m., arriving Weldon 6.13 a. m.

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pulman Palace Sleeper attached

JOHN F DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.
J R KENLY, Ass't Gen'l Manager.
T M EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.

C. F. & Y. V. Railway Co.

—:o:—

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

—:o:—

In Effect January 11th, 1891.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 1. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 3. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 15. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	9:00 am		
Ar Fayetteville	12.25 pm		
Lv Fayetteville	12.55 "		
Lv Sanford	2.27 "		
Ar Greensboro	5.00 "		
Lv Greensporo	5.20 "		
Lv Walnut Cove	7.00 "		
Ar Mt. Airy	9.00 "		
Lv Bennettsville		8.30 am	
Ar Maxtoo		9.40 "	
Lv Manton		9.50 "	
Ar Fayetteville		11,45 "	
Lv Ranseur			7.10 am
Ar Greensboro			9.50 "
Lv Greensboro			10.40 "
Ar Madison			11.45 "

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 2. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 4. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 16. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Mt. Airy	6.25 am		
Lv Walnut Cove	8.32 "		
Ar Greensboro	10.05 "		
Lv Greensboro	10,35 "		
Lv Sanford	1.00 pm		
Ar Fayetteville	2.30 "		
Lv Fayetteville	2.55 "		
Ar Wilmington	6.30 "		
Lv Fayetteville		3.30 pm	
Ar Maxton		5.20 "	
Lv Maxton		5.30 "	
Ar Bennettsville		6.45 "	
Lv Madison			1.35 pm
Ar Greensboro			3.40 "
Lv Greensboro			4.00 "
Ar Ranseur			6.55 "

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

HOLLIDAY'S

DRUG STORE!

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE!"

Don't wait to get sick, but when you begin to feel bad come and get a dose of medicine and prevent sickness. This is the proper use of medicine. If you will do this you will scarcely ever have a doctor's bill to pay or lose months of time, and put your friends and relatives to such a deal of trouble.

In addition to my complete line of pure and reliable Drugs, I carry Warner's Log Cabin Remedies, B. B. B., the S. S. S., Quinine in small and large quantities; Simmon's Liver Regulator, Famous Specific Orange Blossom, Cuticura Remedies, Dr. Pierces Favorite Prescription, the Golden Medical Discovery, Horse and Cattle Powder (1 pound packages prepared by the Herb Co, of W. Va. Quaker brand.)

Prescriptions carefully compounded. Local and office practice upon request. Respectfully,

aug1—tf DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 1014½ Whitehall St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

** SPRING * 1891. **

FIRST ARRIVAL

—OF—

NEW SPRING GOODS

—AT THE—

DRY-GOODS EMPORIUM

—OF—

WILLIAM A. JOHNSON.

New Dress Goods and Trimmings; New Ginghams and Zephyrs; White Goods and Embroideries. Many Novelties in Foreign and Domestic Makes.

New Stock of Shoes!

You are cordially invited to call and examine them.

Respectfully,

WM. A. JOHNSON.
CLINTON, N. C.

STORE NEWS!

Buying at A. F. JOHNSON & CO.'S Store now is just about like buying a gold dollar for ninety cents; yes, or even,—in a few cases—at SEVENTY-FIVE cents. We have not so great an assortment as earlier in the season, but we can fix you out with neatness and dispatch.

SPRINGTIME will soon be here, and we would feel badly not to find our winter stock all disposed of. There are four or five weeks of cold weather yet. Can't you use some—Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Blankets, Mens' Hats and heavy Boots and Shoes—while it lasts?

If in need of any of these goods IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME AND GET THEM NOW!

EARLY INVOICE OF SPRING

Ginghams, Calicoes, Cambrics, White Lowns, Outing Clothes, Shirting, &c.

☞ Another big lot of those "BIJOU" BUTTON SHOES at

$ 2.00 !

The best Ladies' Shoe ever sold in Clinton. (Every pair warranted.

Very Respectfully,

A. F. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS GIFT!

Will ere long resound through every household in our prosperous and happy SUNNY SOUTH. You know the demand must be met, and you cannot complete your memorandum any where else as perfectly as at the Mammoth Dry Goods Establishment of

FRANK THORNTON

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

—:o:—

Special attention has been given to a critical selection of

HIGH GRADE NOVELTIES

—AS WELL AS—

Useful and Ornamental Goods.

And the combined lines and assortments we feel sure cannot be surpassed in any of the

Southern States.

This unprecedented array of Holliday Goods surpasses anything in quantity and quality ever exhibited in the South. We kindly solicit an examination.

The Verdict.

To rest with you, and we will be satisfied.

What You Want.

We know is the most difficult problem for you to solve, but we can show you anything from a fine

Fine Silk Dress

TO A

TINEY DOLL

To make your selections from. In our immense stock you are bound to strike something suitable for your purpose.

What Will It Be?

If you want to do something real handsome, Ladies, present your husbands with a real nice

OVERCOAT

—OR—

Suit of Clothing!

This will be sensible and your husband will think more of you (even if he has to pay the bill.)

Gentlemen

would not make a mistake by presenting to their wives one of our handsome

SEAL SKIN WRAPS

—OR—

SILK DRESS.

These are durable and lasting remembrances. However you are to be the judges, and if you do not want to go so deep down in your pockets we can interest you in a brilliant line of

*BRIC*A*BRAC*

Of every description. Now in this line of goods it is almost an impossibility to give any adequate idea through the medium of an advertisement.

Our New Galleries,

which run the entire length of our store, on both sides, erected especially for the occasion, are full, chock full of the

Latest and Newest Designs

From the hands of the largest importers. Note below a few of the many attractions:

Bronze Candelabras, Banquet Lamps, Ewers, Students Lamps, Onyx Tables, Umbrella Stands, Smoking Tables, Cigar Stands, Vases, Majolica Ware, Baskets, Trays, Christmas Cards, Christmas Books, Lap Desks, Ink Stands, Bronze Pitchers, Fancy Paper, Work Boxes, Japanese Ware. Dressing Cases, Shaving Cases, Magic Lanterns, Albums, Easels, Frames, Mirrors, Dolls, Tea Sets, Lamps, Book Racks, Piano Lamps, Wall Pockets, Smokers Cases, and numberless other articles, any of which would make a handsome gift We solicit a careful examination of our immense stock, and are satisfied that we can please the most exacting.

FRANK THORNTON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

oct-30 tf.

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C., MARCH 12, 1891.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not SIZE but TIME that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING:

1 inch 1 week,	75 ¢ col. (6 in.)	1 wk,	$ 3.50
1 " 1 mo.,	$ 1.50 ¼ " "	1 mo.,	$ 7.00
1 " 1 yr.,	$10.00 ¼ " "	1 yr.,	$35.00
3 " 1 wk.,	$ 2.00 ½ " "	1 wk.,	$ 6.00
3 " 1 mo.,	$ 4.00 ½ " "	1 mo.,	$11.00
3 " 1 yr.,	$20.00 ½ " "	1 yr.,	$65.00
1 col. 1 week,	$ 9.00		
1 " 1 mo.,	$15.00	An extra charge is	
1 " 1 yr,	$120.00	made for position.	

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year,	$1 50
Six months,	75
Four months,	50

Wants, Business Locals, Reading Notices, Cards, etc., will be inserted at ten cents per line (six words) for first insertion and at five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituaries published free if not more than ten lines, (sixty words); five cents for each additional line (six words each). This charge is made, as you will see, simply as a check on length.

Communications discussing the topics of the day, if to the point and briefly expressed will be published in column headed "A Forum of Public Opinion."

Communications containing strictly News Items will always be welcomed and published with pleasure. By sending such news items frequently you will help both your community and the paper.

When you wish your address changed, give old as well as new office.

Address all communications and business letters to

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

Matters of a private nature should be marked "Personal" and addressed to

MARION BUTLER,
Clinton, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

Mr. Editor: Ask twenty Clinton ladies in succession what plaster they consider the most strengthening, the most soothing, the most healing, and in all respects the most desirable, and nineteen of them will promptly answer, LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTER.
oc 9-1y.

10,000 yards Dress Goods—well selected styles; Calicoes, Worsteds, Satteens, Suitings, Lawns, India Linen, &c. 1,000 yards Pants Cloth 12½ cents to 85 cents per yard. Accordeons, Harmonicas, Jewelry and Spectacles, Glass, Tin and Crockery Ware. B. B. B., P. P. P. and J. H. McLane's Patent Medicines.

Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

For Carpenter's Tools, Builders' Material and all kinds of Hardware, go to T. H. PARTRICK'S.

Early Rose Potatoes at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Transient Boarders wanted from 60 cents to $1.00 per day.
mh5—tf J. T. GREGORY.

Capt. W. A. Johnson has been on the cotton market since the departure of Mr. French McQueen buying for Messrs. Williams & Murchison, of Wilmington. He will pay you the highest market price for your cotton.

LADIES REMEMBER THIS!

The best Shoes to be had, from $1.00 to $2.50. Every pair warranted solid. W. S. PARTRICK.

Another lot of Essence of Lemon in Pitchers at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

New Calicoes, Ginghams, Spring Worsteds, and Cashmeres at the Racket Store. Call and see them, they are wonderfully cheap.

Respectfully,
MRS. MARY E. PETERSON & CO.

Crockery, Glassware, Tin Ware at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store.

Another lot of those cheap Trunks just received at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

I HAVE IT NOW!

A beautiful line of Spring Outing Cloths, in dress styles and shirtings.
W. S. PARTRICK.

Flower Seed at
T. M. FEERELL'S.

Having resumed the Practice of Medicine, I offer my services to the people of Sampson. I shall devote my practice to the treatment of Dropsy, Diseases of Children and Malarial Fever.

R. H. HOLLIDAY, M. D.

Plows, Castings and all kinds of Farming Utensils, at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store (old stand of J. A. Ferrell.)

Rail Road Snuff 35 cts per lb. Early Rose Potatoes 1.75 per bushel.
C. P. JOHNSON.

"Point Lace" Flour at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Just received Early Rose Planting Potatoes, Onion Sets, and all other kind of Garden Seeds. For sale cheap at C. P. JOHNSON'S.

A neat line of Mens' Hats just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

JUST RECEIVED!

2,000 yards Zephyr Ginghams, which have never sold for less than 12½ cents. Am making a leader of these now at 10 cents.
W. S. PARTRICK.

The best Flour for the least money at T. M. FERRELL'S.

We are still selling out at cost and will keep at it until the stock is sold.

On our return from the North we will show you the finest line of Clothing, Shoes and Hats ever brought to Clinton. Look out for our new Spring opening.

Yours, Very Friendly,
M. HANSTEIN.

That cheap Tobacco can yet be had at T. M. FERRELL'S

TRUCKERS! You can't afford to waste your time and money by planting cheap and inferior seed. So leave your orders with A. F. Johnson & Co. for Landreth & Sons' guaranteed Seed Beans and Early Rose Potatoes.

PAID READING NOTICES.

☞ Cards and Reading Notices can be inserted under this head for 10 cents per line.

Attention Sampson Light Infantry.

The members of the company are ordered to report at Armory Thursday, March 19th, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for special drill.

By order of Captain commanding.
HOLLIDAY, 1st Sergeant.

Index to New Advertisements.

Notice.—J. S. Bizzell.
Notice.—Redin McKinzie.
Notice to Creditors A. C. Johnson.
Notice to Creditors.—L. J. Rich.

LOCALS:

—The heavy rains that we have experienced, as well as the people all over the Southern States, has greatly retarded farming preparations.

—We are sorry to learn that our legislator, Mr. W. K. Pigford, came home last Saturday quite ill and has been confined to his bed since his return.

—Many of our enterprising merchants are North purchasing their Spring and Summer Stock of goods. Look out for their "ads" when they return.

—We were favored last Sunday morning by hearing the able sermon of Dr. B. F. Marable and regret that his feeble health deprived us from hearing him in the evening.

—Many of the truckers of the county, among whom is the editor of this paper, are attending the North Carolina Truckers' Association at Mount Olive this week and will, no doubt, be productive of much good.

—We learn through Clinton's dentist, Dr. Frank Boyette, that his brother, Dr. Charlie Boyette has successfully passed through his examinations at the University of Maryland and received M. D. and D. D. S. in three years.

—The lecture of Rev. Thos. H. Prichard, of Wilmington, on Monday night, at Atkins' Hall, on Naples, Vesuvius and Pompeii, was entertaining and instructive, gaving his hearers a full description of his visit to the historic scenery of the Orient.

—We are requested to announce that Rev. Dr. B. F. Marable will deliver a temperance lecture to the ladies of Clinton in the Methodist church on next Sunday at 3:30 P. M. While the lecture is especially for the ladies, the public in general is cordially invited to attend.

Personals.

Mr. J. L. Clute and family are spending the week with relatives in Wilmington.

Misses Emma and Cora Matthis, of our section, left for Goldsboro yesterday morning.

L. H. Stephens, Esq., of Warsaw, was in town a few days last week on professional business.

Mr. Rufus Sutton and his daughter, Miss Winnie, of Goldsboro, were in town yesterday. They will spend sometime with relatives in this section.

Mr. Frank Holmes, who is in the Southern Express service, between Richmond and Charleston, spent a few days at his old home in town last week.

Mr. David Oates, who has for the past few months been teaching in Lamar, South Carolina, returned home Saturday.

Mr. Geo. M. Manning, a traveling agent in the interest of The Wilmington Messenger, gave us a pleasant call yesterday.

Judge E. T. Boykin spent last Friday night at his home in this place, and left Saturday afternoon for Pender county, where he holds court this week.

Mr. W. H. Bingham, of Chicago, Illinois, is visiting our section, for the purpose of gaining information for a Historical Encyclopedia of North and South Carolina.

Mr. W. H. Furman, of the old and well-known Produce and Commission House of G. Furman & Co., of New York, spent a while in town last week with Capt. Wm. A. Johnson. Mr. Furman thinks the outlook for the coming trucking season very good.

Mrs. Mary E. Peterson, of the firm of Mrs. Mary E. Peterson & Co., left last Monday for New York, to purchase their spring stock of goods The firm will move this week to the stand formerly occupied by Messrs. Stewart & Hines. Look out for their advertisement next week.

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. JOHNSON & CO.)

Corn, (new)	60
Peas,	65
Bacon,	8 to 12
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	15 to 20
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10 to 12
Fodder,	70
Flour,	5 50 to 6 00
Hides,	05 to 06
Turpentine, (hard)	1 20
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 00
Cotton,	8¼

WILMINGTON.

Spirits Turpentine,	38 per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 20 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 25 per barrel
Tar,	$1 35 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard)	$1 20
" (Virgin	2 10
YellowDip)	2 10
Cotton,	8¼
Timber, per m.,	3 00 to 15

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

☞ Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it. ☜

HONEYCUTTS.

On last Friday night we had the pleasure of attending a concert and public debate by the young ladies and gentlemen of the Athenian Literary Club and the Philotecnic Literary Society of Salem High School. The occasion was much enjoyed by all present and did honor to both Societies of the well known institution at that place. The hall is well furnished with all necessities for a society and surpasses any other building of the kind in the county.

VISITOR.

FRANKLIN.

The neighborhood of Black River Chapel has been deprived of an estimable lady by the death of Mrs. Clinton Culbreth, which took place on the 7th of last month.

Miss Maria Newkirk returned home from Raleigh a few days ago.

There is a great deal of sickness in this neighborhood.

Franklin is the acme township for trades. Two parties wished to trade a fiddle for a child's Bible. They succeeded—no boot. Each went home rejoicing with the fine "swap."

SOUTH CLINTON.

Married, at the residence of the the bride's father, Mr. Stephen Boon, on March 3rd, 1891, Mr. Alfred D. Roger, of Duplin Roads, to Miss Mary E. Boon, M. M. Killett, Esq., officiating. The attendants were: Mr. W. J. Watson with Miss Ella Blackmore, Mr. H. H. Edwards with Miss Mollie Moore, Mr. J. T. Chesnutt with Miss Ella Pugh, Mr. Julian Killett with Miss Euphemia Williamson, Mr. Clarence Shipp with Miss Della Peterson, Mr. D. W. Boon with Miss Mollie Newton.

After a sumptuous supper had been served, the young folks enjoyed themselves in various ways till a late hour, when the crowd broke up, all wishing the bride and groom a long and happy life.

PINEY GROVE.

Rev. J. T. Albritton has accepted a call to the pastorate of Piney Grove Baptist Church and will preach there the 3rd Sunday and Saturday before in this month. It is hoped that a full attendance of the membership will be present. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m.

REX.

Died, on last Sunday, Mr. Nathan Weeks, of consumption. He was buried on Monday with Alliance ceremonies, with about four hundred people present to attribute respect to the lamented and esteemed dead.

Also, on the same day, died Mrs. David Stevens, of pneumonia. She was a most estimable woman and the community in general will greatly feel their loss.

LISBON.

There was a very enjoyable sociable given at Mrs. Sallie E. Robeson's on the night of the 4th inst.

Miss Hattie Durant is visiting relatives near Clear Run.

Mr. D. L. Herring and Miss Ivey D. Herring left the 4th instant for Raleigh. B.

MINGO.

Miss L. E. Williams and little brother, Maud, have returned from Four Oaks. They were well pleased with their visit.

Mr. William Dawson and wife have been visiting brothers and sisters at Giles Mills.

Mr. A. Giles has moved into his new, fine dwelling.

Mr. G. K. Dawson will soon have his fine stables and lot done.

Farmers are making very slow progress, it rains so much. They work between showers.

TINEY.

The closing exercises of M. M. Bell's school, taught in District No. 89, white, Johnson county, will take place on the 21st of March, opening at 10 a. m. Marshalls—H. T. Johnson, chief; N. D. Tart, Bradley Barefoot, M. R. Barefoot and I. W. Barefoot. Prof. J. E. Spence, of Glenwood High School, delivers the address, followed by the Rev. Mr. Mangum, of Benson, N. C., and others. The public is invited to attend with baskets. There has been universal satisfaction and 63 pupils have been enrolled, and a daily average of about 40 pupils.

"ERIC."

Now, as the General Assembly adjourns to-day (Monday) will you or one of our Representatives furnish us with a list of the Justices of the Peace that have been so recently appointed, as we might want to call on one soon.

Everything is quiet here, and all are anxious to see and hear what the Legislature has done.

We have several cases of measles in this vicinity.

The Grim Reaper has again drawn his scythe and placed upon little Hattie Tew, one of our near and dear students, the icy hands of death. All that can be comprised in a dutiful pupil, a loving and dutiful daughter, were strikingly prominent in her exemplary life. The stricken family have our heartfelt sympathy.

We are glad to note that our esteemed friend, Mr. Tyrus Thornton, is, we trust, improving. H. M. W.

TURKEY.

Mis Josephine Killett and her little sister, Eliza, of Haw River, Alamance county, N. C., who have been visiting friends and relatives in this township, returned home last Tuesday.

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE.

Married, at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Murphy, in this township, on the 5th of March, Miss Cattie Murphy to Mr. Ed. Williams, of Rockfish, Duplin county, Rev. Calvin Shaw officiating. The attendants were as follows: Mr. Horace Williams and Miss Annie McArthur, Mr. Walter Alderman and Miss Lennie Matthews, Mr. Willie Boney and Miss Alberta Colwell, Mr. Luvie James and Miss Lillie Williams, Mr. Willie Matthews and Miss Mattie James, Mr. Henry Williams and Miss Katie James, Mr. Rep. Murphy and Miss Katie Williams. After the marriage ceremony the happy assemblage were invited to partake of a most bountiful and sumptuous dinner, which all enjoyed with a zest. The evening was passed very pleasantly in conversation, music, &c., until about 4 o'clock, when the bridal party repaired to Mr. David Williams', the father of the bridegroom, where many of their friends were waiting to welcome them, and where another repast of richest viands awaited them. The remainder of the evening was spent in music, dancing, lovemaking, &c., and was doubtless the debut of other contracts which will probably eventuate in similar results. May the remainder of the lives of the happy pair be as sunny as their wedding day.

Attempt to Wreck "The Shoo-Fly."

On last Tuesday night as the "Shoo-Fly" train on the W. & W. Railroad, pulled by engineer J. M. Williams, was passing through Goshen Swamp, something cracked through the front window of the cab, sending shivered glass in every direction, brushed Mr. Williams' face and dropped upon the floor of the cab. Mr. Williams' face was cut slightly in several places by the flying glass, and for a moment he was a little dazed, as well as surprised. Upon making search for the object, which he supposed to be a stone or piece of wood thrown by some miscreant, he discovered to his great astonishment, a very large owl, lying in the front of the tender. Mr. Williams succeeded in capturing him, and took him on to Wilmington where he will be arraigned for an attempt at train wreckage. It is supposed the glare of the headlight blinded his owlship, who, in his bewildered state flew into environment.

FOR HIS DAUGHTER'S SAKE.

An Old Kentuckian Shot While Trying to Obtain Vengeance.

A special from Madison, Ind., says a terrible tragedy has just been enacted at Carrollton, Ky. Uncle Billy Williams, aged 60, father of five children, and ex-sheriff of Owen county, was shot in a duel with George Dean, an unmarried farmer 34 years old. Dean is the owner of a farm and Williams is a tenant of Dean's and says Dean seduced his daughter. He swore to avenge his daughter's wrong, and Dean, to avert a meeting, has been boarding at Madison, Ind., for the past month. Saturday he came to Carrollton. Williams spied him and crossed the street, when both pulled revolvers. Dean fired five and Williams four shots, one taking effect in Williams's side, producing what is thought to be a mortal wound. Williams says if he gets well Dean will bite the dust. The greatest excitement prevails. Public opinion is divided. The Owen county people threaten to mob Dean if Williams dies.

BRAVADO UNDER THE LASH.

Eight Culprits Punished at the Whipping Post in Delaware.

Three hundred spectators, among them some visitors from Philadelphia, witnessed the whippings at Newcastle, Del., Saturday last. Six negroes and two whites, for various larcenies, received from five to twenty lashes each. One of the negroes, George Cooper, came to the post wearing patent leather shoes and nobby trousers, and took 20 lashes without exhibiting much uneasiness. Frank Stanton, after his 20 lashes, coolly drew a cigar from his pocket and lighted it. Besides the whippings, George Cooper, a colored burglar; J. Byus, colored, convicted of murderous assault, and Samuel Long, for forgery, each stood one hour in the pillory.

Italians Killed in a Battle.

Contractor Kehoe, of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, W. Va., ran away two or three months ago, leaving 200 Italian laborers unpaid. The new contractor employed some other laborers and the Italians have attacked them several times. The contractor applied to the civil authorities for protection. The sheriff with a posse of 20 men went out to arrest the Italians and a terrible fight ensued. The Italians surrounded the sheriff and his party and firing was general all along the line. After the battle several men were found on the ground dead. Forty Italians were arrested and lodged in jail. None of the sheriff's men were badly hurt.

Establishing Shipyards in America.

Mr. A. D. Bryce Douglass, the managing director of the Naval Construction Company established at Barrow in Furness, has sailed for New York in order to select a site for the formation of extensive shipyards which it is proposed to establish in America.

Heed the Warning.

It is not infrequently the case that itching pimples and irritating "cat boils" are the forerunners of larger boils, or the more serious carbuncles. Invariably Nature puts out her danger signals, and they should be heeded at once. The pimples and little boils show that the blood is not in a good condition and nature is trying to relieve the system. A few doses of Swift's Specific at this juncture will accomplish wonders. The eruption will be healed and the system cleansed of its impurities. The modern paraphrase of the old saing, "A stitch in time," etc., is that "Timely stitches will save nine pairs of breeches." The modern form has a touch of humor that does not modify the truth of it. In that vein we may say that a course of Swift's Specific prevents ills terrific.

A RAILROAD HORROR.

Twenty-one Persons Killed and Twenty-two Injured in an Awful Plunge.

A wreck occurred on the Reading Railroad, 15 miles above the city of Reading, Pa., on Friday night last, at 6.45. It is the worst wreck that ever occurred in the history of the Reading Railroad Company in that section.

The train which met with the disaster left Reading at 6.05 o'clock, ten minutes late. It is known as the Pottsville express, and was running at the rate of at least thirty-eight or forty miles an hour. It had on board possibly 125 to 150 passengers, and it consisted of engine, tender, mail and express cars, and three passenger cars.

Above Shoemakerville, about fifteen miles above Reading, there is a curve where the railroad is about 18 to 20 feet higher than the Schuylkill River. Here, shortly before 6 o'clock, a freight train ran into a coal train, throwing several cars of the latter on the opposite track, and before the train hands had time to go back to warn any approaching train of the danger, the Pottsville express came around the curve and ran into the wrecked coal cars on its track. The engine went down the embankment, followed by the entire train with its human freight.

The noise of the terrific crash was heard several miles. The locomotive headlight was hurled nearly across the river, while sections of the wrecked engine cab reached the other bank. The engine leaped 150 feet forward of the spot she struck the wreck and plunged into the river. The tank jumped into the air and fell right back of the engine. The mail, express, and baggage cars were splintered into kindling wood, and dropped into the current. The heavy part of the car Elywn turned upward in the stream, drowning seven of its occupants.

Twenty-one dead and 22 injured is the record of the awful plunge of the train, the labors of the searchers ending with the finding of the body of John White, the engineer, whose head had been cut off and lost in the river.

"RISE, BROTHERS, RISE."

A Whooping Bloody Circular From the Socialists.

The *Arbeiter Zeitung* of Chicago, the organ of the German socialists, prints a translation of a long circular, which, it claims, was picked up in that city. It is addressed to the "oppressed and disinherited." In bloodthirsty language it pictures the alleged intolerable conditions of society, the "monster of capital," which sheds "rivers of blood" in its greed for wealth. It speaks of tyranny as "fastened to the breast of the people and sucking out its vitality." The chains of slavery are made to clank, the "police monster" flourishes the whip and club and helps to tear one by one members from the body of the people. The people are urged to destroy the capitalistic system and establish a society based upon love, fraternity, and equality.

It concludes with the statement that anarchy is the only system which can satisfy all wants of human society. "Then arise, brothers and sisters of the laboring people," is the last sentence. "Arise up in arms, rise for the social revolution, destroy the existing system of robbery, which threatens to crush you, and found the system of anarchy."

OBJECTED TO THE BRIDE.

A Father Tries to Kill His Son at His Wedding.

Heny Cassell, of 179 Glendinning avenue, Jersey City, attempted to kill his son while the latter was about to be married to Miss Mary Deely, aged nineteen, in St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church. The bridal couple were standing before the altar when Cassell jumped up and pointing a pistol at his son, fired. The ball failed to hit the young man. As Cassell was about to fire a second shot Father Sheehan sprang toward him and seizing his arm managed to disarm him after a struggle. The priest's hand was severely scratched. Young Cassell, who is twenty-one years of age, said his father had warned him to give up Miss Deely, but as he loved the girl he made her his wife.

Money is reported tight in Wall street.

The rush of cotton to Norfolk is on the increase.

Five persons were killed in a railroad accident in the city of Chicago.

Speaker Reed failed to secure a quorum at Monday's session of the House.

The trial of Burchall, the alleged murderer of Benwell, is on this week at Woodstock, Ont.

A riot was caused at Marshalltown, Iowa, by a railroad company's attempt to lay a track within the city limits against the wishes of property owners.

The barkentine Tropic Bird arrived at San Francisco, Cal., with news that the French forces have subdued the natives of the Society Islands and established protectorates over them.

A suit brought by the Webster Loom Company against E. S. Higgins & Co., the carpet manufacturers, has just been decided in the United States circuit court in New York. The claim was for $30,000,000. The decision allowed the claimants six cents.

The Department of State has been officially notified that an international congress, whose object will be to examine questions relating to the reclamation of prisoners and to the protection of children who have been practically abandoned, will meet at Antwerp in Belgium on the 9 h of October next.

CABLE SPARKS.

The Compte de Paris and Duc D'Orleans sail for America on September 24.

Eight textile manufacturers at Calais, France, have locked out 50,000 of their employees.

The ship St. Mary, from New York for San Francisco, has been shattered at Stanley, Falkland Islands.

McAuliffe and Slavin, the prize fighters, have been arrested in London and the fight is off for the present.

One hundred and seventy members of the Iron and Steel Institute are passengers on the steamer Servia, from London to New York.

BRIDLING THE GREAT NIAGARA.

The Tunnel Company on the Ground Ready for Work.

Last week the contract for the construction of a tunnel which, its projectors hope, will make Niagara Falls the greatest manufacturing center on the continent, a dispatch from Buffalo says, was let to Rogers & Clement. Now the contractors are on the ground, and within ten days they will begin work. New machinery will be bought to prosecute the work, and 200 men will be given employment to begin with.

An international convention called the Cataract Construction Company has been in session for some time in London, England. Of this commission Sir William Thompson is president. Professor Coleman Sellers represents America, Professor Marcart France, and Theodore Tourit Switzerland. The commission is to decide the best and most economical method of utilizing the power of Niagara as developed by the construction company. A goodly prize has been offered for the best plan presented, and last week Ernest Sautter, of Geneva, Switzerland, arrived in town with a plan, which he will present to the company

MOUNT OLIVE DEPARTMENT,

LOCAL ITEMS:

Mr. Lonnie Hollowell, of Guilford College is here on a short visit to friends and relatives.

A Salvation Army man arrived in town Saturday and is holding services each night in the free school house.

The Presbyterians gave a festival in the "red store" last Tuesday night. Proceeds for the benefit of their church.

Mrs. Effie Harrell, of South Mills, Camden county, is on a visit to her sister, Miss Minnie Kelly, who is still quite sick.

Our Baptist friends had a festival last Friday night in the "red store," and though the weather was very unfavorable they realized a satisfactory sum.

THE TELEGRAM had it last week that the Millburn district conference would meet in Kinston in May. It should have been New Berne district conference.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

James W. Lancaster, Hawkinsville, Ga., writes: "My wife was in bad health for eight years. Five doctors and as many more different patent medicines had done her no good. Six bottles of B. B. B. has cured her."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

—:o:—

We are making preparation for our semi-annual trip to New York and need all money due us. If you owe us an account you are expected to settle it NOW!

You have had our goods and ought to pay for them.

Respectfully,
WM. A. JOHNSON.

N. B.—New Spring Goods just received. mch5—1m

Notice to Creditors!

—:o:—

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED as the administrator of the estate of J. O. Rich, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make immediate payment.

All persons holding claims against said estate will present the same, duly proven according to law, on or before March 9th, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. L. J. RICH, Adm'r.
Per HENRY E. FAISON, Att'y.
March 9th. 1891.—12-6w

Notice to Creditors!

—:o:—

HAVING QUALIFIED AS administrator of Nathan R. Johnson, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present the same, duly proven, according to law, on or before March 6th, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate in any way will please come forward and make immediate payment.

A. C. JOHNSON,
Administrator.
Per Attorney, HENRY E. FAISON.
March 6th, 1891.—12-6w

W. T. WILLIAMSON'S

BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY

IN NEW QUARTERS ON FAYETTEVILLE ST.

☞ Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.

I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Roads Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.

Respectfully,
mch28-tf W. T. WILLIAMSON.

TAKE BOTANIC BLOOD BALM FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

The Best Household Medicine.

Once or twice each year the system needs purging of the impurities which clog the blood. From childhood to old age, no remedy meets all cases with the same certainty of good results as

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

W. C. McGauhey, Webb City, Ark., writes. "B. B. B. has done me more good and for less money than any other blood purifier I ever used. I owe the comfort of my life to it."

P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 20, 1888, writes: "I depend on B. B. B. for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor."

☞ Write for Illustrated "Book of Wonders," BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sent free.

WHEN YOU GO

To Goldsboro be sure to stop at the

GREGORY-ARLINGTON HOTELS.

Good fare, attentive servants and large comfortable rooms.

When you get off the train "Isaac" (everybody knows Isaac) will be here. Give him your baggage and go with him.

WILL HUNTER,
Proprietor.
oct16-tf

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA.—SAMPSON COUNTY.

C. B. Wrench, adm'r of E. F. Jackson, vs. Joel Jackson and others, heirs at law of E. F. Jackson. } Before the Clerk.

I appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Joel Jackson, one of the defendants in the above entitled cause, is a non-resident of this State notice is hereby given to him to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Sampson county, on the 23rd day of April, 1891, to answer or demur to the petition of the said E. B. Wrench, administrator, the same being a petition to sell the lands of E. F. Jackson, deceased, to make assetts for the payments of debts, and let the said Joel Jackson take notice that if he shall fail so to appear and make defense the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief sought in said petition.

J. S. BIZZELL, C. S. C.
This the 6th day of March, '91.—6w

NOTICE!

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, directed to me, I, as guardian of Hardy W. MaGee and as commissioner appointed by the court, will sell on Monday, 6th day of April, 1891, at the hour of twelve, at the court house door in the town of Clinton, to the highest bidder, the following described land, situated in Sampson county, N. C., belonging to the said MaGee, and known as part of the MaGee land, to-wit: Beginning at a stake on the run of Beverdam swamp and runs south 55 west, 68 poles, to a stake; then south 30, west 118 poles to a stake on the old line; then that line north 57, west 17 poles to a stake, the old corner; then about north 10, east 24 poles to the run of a small branch, down said branch 15 poles to the run of Beaverdam swamp as it meanders to the beginning, containing 104 acres, more on less.

TERMS OF SALE—Twenty per cent. of the purchase money cash, balance upon six months credit, with note and approved security. Title reserved till purchase money is paid.

REDIN McKENZIE,
Guardian and Commissioner.
J. C. SLOCUMB, Attorney.
March 5th, 1891.—12-tds

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER of sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed, made by G. W. West and Mary Francis West to Young Bros., which has been duly recorded in book No. 72, page 78, records of Sampson county, N. C, I will, on Monday, March the 31st, 1891, at 12 M., at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C., sell for cash, at public auction, a certain tract of land in Sampson county, known as G. W. West's land, containing 63 acres, more or less. For further description see records of Sampson county.

YOUNG BROS.,
Mortgagees.
This Feb. 18, 1891.—mch5—4t

NOTICE OF SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, made at February term, 1891, in case of H. K. Bennett and others against J. D. Kerr and others, the undersigned, as commissioner, of said court, will sell to the highest bidder at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C., on the 6th day of April, 1891, three certain tracts of land, described as follows:

One tract in South Clinton township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, M. M. Killett Allen Williamson and others, containing 90 acres, more or less.

2nd tract in same township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, Stephen Boon, the Carters land and others, containing 49 acres.

3rd tract, in Mingo township, in the fork of Peter Lee's mill branch, adjoining the Hudson & Draughon lands and containing 64 acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—20 per cent. cash; balance, one half in six months and one half in twelve months, with 8 per cent interest from day of sale. Title reserved.

J. S. BIZZELL, Com.
This March 4th, 1891.—tds

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUANO For Sale!

FARMER'S Special Cotton Compound.

Made from Amonia, Bone, Cotton Seed Meal and Fish.

Manufactured by F. S. Royster & Tarboro, N. C.

J. A. FERRELL, Agent,
feb19—2m Clinton, N. C.

MILL AND FIXTURES FOR SALE!

One Twenty-five Horse Power Watertown Steam Engine and Boiler and one Saw Mill; with Ratchet Head-Blocks, all made by Dewey Bros., Goldsboro, N. C., and having been run only about six months.

Also I will sell one Timber Wagon, one Log Cart and one road Wagon, all of them are nearly new.

Also I have three young Mules for sale.

For further particulars apply to
BIAS UNDERWOOD,
jan22—tf Clinton, N. C.

YOU MAN OF BUSINESS,

How Much Can You Lift?

That depends on what you lift with. Archimedes said: "Give me a fulcrum on which to rest, and I will move the earth."

Many a business has enough

CAPITAL AND ENERGY

And yet barely holds it own, or fails altogether because these forces are not wisely utilized.

If you would move the world of trade, try the fulcrum of Newspaper Advertising. THE CAUCASIAN will enable you to do this to the greatest possible advantage.

NORTH CAROLINA, SAMPSON CO.—IN SUPERIOR COURT, JANUARY, 1891.

Deliah Fennell and others, vs. Lizzie Fennell and others } Petition for Sale.

To Lizzie Fennell, Locy Fennell, Edwin Fennell and Roscoe Fennell:

Whereas, a petition has been filed before the undersigned, Clerk of the Superior Court of Sampson county, to sell the land belonging to the late Ellen T. Fennell for division among her heirs-at-law, and it appearing that the above named parties are interested therein and are entitled to share belonging to Eddie Fennell, deceased, and it further appearing that said parties are non-residents of the State; now, therefore, you are commanded to appear before me, at my office, on March 10th, 1891, and answer or demur to said petition, or judgment will be granted against you.

J. S. BIZZELL,
Clerk Superior Court.
Jan. 18th, 1891.—22-6t

CHAS. A. GOODWIN & CO.,

PROPRIETORS

Fayetteville Marble Works.

[LAUTER'S OLD STAND,]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Marble and Granite Monuments, Wrought Iron and Woven Wire Fencing.

BEST WORK! LOWEST PRICES!

Guarantee Satisfaction!

feb5—tf

PAID 31 DOLLARS DOCTORS' BILL.

paid 31 dollars doctor's bill for my wife in one year, and one bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.
JAMES T. GOTT, Carmi, Ill.

Have suffered periodically for years—been treated by the best physicians without relief—Bradfield's Female Regulator did me more good than all the other remedies.
Mrs. ELIZA DAVIS, Charlotte, N. C.

Have used Bradfield's Female Regulator and can recommend it to all my friends.
Miss C. S. WIEMEYER, Denver, Col.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy,

SMITH'S BILE BEANS

Use the SMALL Size (40 little Beans to the bottle). THEY ARE THE MOST CONVENIENT. Suitable for all Ages. Price of either size, 25c. per Bottle.

KISSING "7-17-70" PHOTOGRAVURE PANEL SIZE. Mailed for 4 cts. (coppers or stamps). A. P. SMITH & CO., Makers of "BILE BEANS," ST. LOUIS, MO.

$20 Favorite Singer Sewing Machine. HIGH ARM $25.00.

Each Machine has a drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, with nickel rings, and a full set of Attachments, equal to any Singer Machine sold from $40 to $60 by Canvassers. A trial in your home before payment is asked. Buy direct of the Manufacturers and save agents' profits besides getting certificates of war

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C.,—MARCH 12, 1891.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not SIZE but TIME that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING:

1 inch	1 week,	75	col. (6 in.) 1 wk, $ 3.50
1 "	1 mo.,	$ 1.50	¼ " " 1 mo., $ 7.00
1 "	1 yr.,	$10.00	¼ " " 1 yr., $35.00
3 "	1 wk.,	$ 2.00	½ " " 1 wk., $ 6.00
3 "	1 mo.,	$ 4.00	½ " " 1 mo., $11.00
3 "	1 yr.,	$20.00	½ " " 1 yr., $65.00
1 col.	1 week,	$ 9.00	
1 "	1 mo.,	$15.00	An extra charge is
1 "	1 yr,	$120.00	made for position.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year,	$1 50
Six months,	75
Four months,	50

Wants, Business Locals, Reading Notices, Cards, etc., will be inserted at ten cents per line (six words) for first insertion and at five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituaries published free if not more than ten lines, (sixty words); five cents for each additional line (six words each). This charge is made, as you will see, simply as a check on length.

Communications discussing the topics of the day, if to the point and briefly expressed will be published in column headed "A Forum of Public Opinion."

Communications containing strictly News Items will always be welcomed and published with pleasure. By sending such news items frequently you will help both your community and the paper.

When you wish your address changed, give old as well as new office.

Address all communications and business letters to

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

Matters of a private nature should be marked "Personal" and addressed to

MARION BUTLER,
Clinton, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

Mr. Editor: Ask twenty Clinton ladies in succession what plaster they consider the most strengthening, the most soothing, the most healing, and in all respects the most desirable, and nineteen of them will promptly answer, LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTER.
oc 9-1y.

10,000 yards Dress Goods—well selected styles; Calicoes, Worsteds, Satteens, Suitings, Lawns, India Linen, &c. 1,000 yards Pants Cloth 12½ cents to 85 cents per yard. Accordeons, Harmonicas, Jewelry and Spectacles, Glass, Tin and Crockery Ware. B. B. B., P. P. P. and J. H. McLane's Patent Medicines.

Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

For Carpenter's Tools, Builders' Material and all kinds of Hardware, go to T. H. PARTRICK'S.

Early Rose Potatoes at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Transient Boarders wanted from 60 cents to $1.00 per day.
mh5—tf J. T. GREGORY.

Capt. W. A. Johnson has been on the cotton market since the departure of Mr. French McQueen buying for Messrs. Williams & Murchison, of Wilmington. He will pay you the highest market price for your cotton.

LADIES REMEMBER THIS!
The best Shoes to be had, from $1.00 to $2.50. Every pair warranted solid. W. S. PARTRICK.

Another lot of Essence of Lemon in Pitchers at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

New Calicoes, Ginghams, Spring Worsteds, and Cashmeres at the Racket Store. Call and see them, they are wonderfully cheap.

Respectfully,
MRS. MARY E. PETERSON & Co.

Crockery, Glassware, Tin Ware at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store.

Another lot of those cheap Trunks just received at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

I HAVE IT NOW!
A beautiful line of Spring Outing Cloths, in dress styles and shirtings.
W. S. PARTRICK.

Flower Seed at
T. M. FEERELL'S.

Having resumed the Practice of Medicine, I offer my services to the people of Sampson. I shall devote my practice to the treatment of Dropsy, Diseases of Children and Malarial Fever.

R. H. HOLLIDAY, M. D.

Plows, Castings and all kinds of Farming Utensils, at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store (old stand of J. A. Ferrell.)

Rail Road Snuff 35 cts per lb. Early Rose Potatoes 1.75 per bushel.
C. P. JOHNSON.

"Point Lace" Flour at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Just received Early Rose Planting Potatoes, Onion Sets, and all other kind of Garden Seeds. For sale cheap at C. P. JOHNSON'S.

A neat line of Mens' Hats just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

JUST RECEIVED!
2,000 yards Zephyr Ginghams, which have never sold for less than 12½ cents. Am making a leader of these now at 10 cents.
W. S. PARTRICK.

The best Flour for the least money at T. M. FERRELL'S.

We are still selling out at cost and will keep at it until the stock is sold.

On our return from the North we will show you the finest line of Clothing, Shoes and Hats ever brought to Clinton. Look out for our new Spring opening.

Yours, Very Friendly,
M. HANSTEIN.

That cheap Tobacco can yet be had at T. M. FERRELL'S

TRUCKERS! You can't afford to waste your time and money by planting cheap and inferior seed. So leave your orders with A. F. Johnson & Co. for Landreth & Sons' guaranteed Seed Beans and Early Rose Potatoes.

PAID READING NOTICES.

☞ Cards and Reading Notices can be inserted under this head for 10 cents per line.

Attention Sampson Light Infantry.

The members of the company are ordered to report at Armory Thursday, March 19th, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for special drill.

By order of Captain commanding.
HOLLIDAY, 1st Sergeant.

Index to New Advertisements.

Notice.—J. S. Bizzell.
Notice.—Redin McKinzie.
Notice to Creditors A. C. Johnson.
Notice to Creditors.—L. J. Rich.

LOCALS:

—The heavy rains that we have experienced, as well as the people all over the Southern States, has greatly retarded farming preparations.

—We are sorry to learn that our legislator, Mr. W. K. Pigford, came home last Saturday quite ill and has been confined to his bed since his return.

—Many of our enterprising merchants are North purchasing their Spring and Summer Stock of goods. Look out for their "ads" when they return.

—We were favored last Sunday morning by hearing the able sermon of Dr. B. F. Marable and regret that his feeble health deprived us from hearing him in the evening.

—Many of the truckers of the county, among whom is the editor of this paper, are attending the North Carolina Truckers' Association at Mount Olive this week and will, no doubt, be productive of much good.

—We learn through Clinton's dentist, Dr. Frank Boyette, that his brother, Dr. Charlie Boyette has successfully passed through his examinations at the University of Maryland and received M. D. and D. D. S. in three years.

—The lecture of Rev. Thos. H. Prichard, of Wilmington, on Monday night, at Atkins' Hall, on Naples, Vesuvius and Pompeii, was entertaining and instructive, gaving his hearers a full description of his visit to the historic scenery of the Orient.

—We are requested to announce that Rev. Dr. B. F. Marable will deliver a temperance lecture to the ladies of Clinton in the Methodist church on next Sunday at 3:30 P. M. While the lecture is especially for the ladies, the public in general is cordially invited to attend.

Personals.

Mr. J. L Clute and family are spending the week with relatives in Wilmington.

Misses Emma and Cora Matthis, of our section, left for Goldsboro yesterday morning.

L. H. Stephens, Esq., of Warsaw, was in town a few days last week on professional business.

Mr. Rufus Sutton and his daughter, Miss Winnie, of Goldsboro, were in town yesterday. They will spend sometime with relatives in this section.

Mr. Frank Holmes, who is in the Southern Express service, between Richmond and Charleston, spent a few days at his old home in town last week.

Mr. David Oates, who has for the past few months been teaching in Lamar, South Carolina, returned home Saturday.

Mr. Geo. M. Manning, a traveling agent in the interest of The Wilmington Messenger, gave us a pleasant call yesterday.

Judge E. T. Boykin spent last Friday night at his home in this place, and left Saturday afternoon for Pender county, where he holds court this week.

Mr. W. H. Bingham, of Chicago, Illinois, is visiting our section, for the purpose of gaining information for a Historical Encyclopedia of North and South Carolina.

Mr. W. H. Furman, of the old and well-known Produce and Commission House of G. Furman & Co., of New York, spent a while in town last week with Capt. Wm. A. Johnson. Mr. Furman thinks the outlook for the coming trucking season very good.

Mrs. Mary E. Peterson, of the firm of Mrs. Mary E. Peterson & Co., left last Monday for New York, to purchase their spring stock of goods The firm will move this week to the stand formerly occupied by Messrs. Stewart & Hines. Look out for their advertisement next week.

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. JOHNSON & Co.)

Corn, (new)	60
Peas,	65
Bacon,	8 to 12
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	15 to 20
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10 to 12
Fodder,	70
Flour,	5 50 to 6 00
Hides,	05 to 06
Turpentine, (hard)	1 20
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 00
Cotton,	8¼

WILMINGTON.

Spirits Turpentine,	38 per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 20 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 25 per barrel
Tar,	$1 35 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard)	$1 20
" (Virgin	2 10
YellowDip)	2 10
Cotton,	8¼
Timber, per m.,	3 00 to 15

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

☞ Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it. ☜

HONEYCUTTS.

On last Friday night we had the pleasure of attending a concert and public debate by the young ladies and gentlemen of the Athenian Literary Club and the Philotecnic Literary Society of Salem High School, The occasion was much enjoyed by all present and did honor to both Societies of the well known institution at that place. The hall is well furnished with all necessities for a society and surpasses any other building of the kind in the county.

VISITOR.

FRANKLIN.

The neighborhood of Black River Chapel has been deprived of an estimable lady by the death of Mrs. Clinton Culbreth, which took place on the 7th of last month.

Miss Maria Newkirk returned home from Raleigh a few days ago.

There is a great deal of sickness in this neighborhood.

Franklin is the acme township for trades. Two parties wished to trade a fiddle for a child's Bible. They succeeded—no boot. Each went home rejoicing with the fine "swap."

SOUTH CLINTON.

Married, at the residence of the the bride's father, Mr. Stephen Boon, on March 3rd, 1891, Mr. Alfred D. Roges, of Duplin Roads, to Miss Mary E. Boon, M. M. Killett, Esq., officiating. The attendants were: Mr. W. J, Watson with Miss Ella Blackmore, Mr. H. H. Edwards with Miss Mollie Moore, Mr. J. T. Chesnutt with Miss Ella Pugh, Mr. Julian Killett with Miss Euphemia Williamson, Mr. Clarence Shipp with Miss Della Peterson, Mr. D. W. Boon with Miss Mollie Newton.

After a sumptuous supper had been served, the young folks enjoyed themselves in vnrious ways till a late hour, when the crowd broke up, all wishing the bride and groom a long and happy life.

PINEY GROVE.

Rev. J. T. Albritton has accepted a call to the pastorate of Piney Grove Baptist Church and will preach there the 3rd Sunday and Saturday before in this month. It is hoped that a full attendance of the membership will be present. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m.

REX.

Died, on last Sunday, Mr. Nathan Weeks, of consumption. He was buried on Monday with Alliance ceremonies, with about four hundred people present to attribute respect to the lamented and esteemed dead.

Also, on the same day, died Mrs. David Stevens, of pneumonia. She was a most estimable woman and the community in general will greatly feel their loss.

LISBON.

There was a very enjoyable sociable given at Mrs. Sallie E. Robeson's on the night of the 4th inst.

Miss Hattie Durant is visiting relatives near Clear Run.

Mr. D. L. Herring and Miss Ivey D. Herring left the 4th instant for Raleigh. B.

MINGO.

Miss L. E. Williams and little brother, Maud, have returned from Four Oaks. They were well pleased with their visit.

Mr. William Dawson and wife have been visiting brothers and sisters at Giles Mills.

Mr. A. Giles has moved into his new, fine dwelling.

Mr. G. K. Dawson will soon have his fine stables and lot done.

Farmers are making very slow progress, it rains so much. They work between showers.

TINEY.

The closing exercises of M. M. Bell's school, taught in District No. 89, white, Johnson county, will take place on the 21st of March, opening at 10 a. m. Marshalls—H. T. Johnson, chief; N. D, Tart, Bradley Barefoot, M. R. Barefoot and I. W. Barefoot. Prof. J. E. Spence, of Glenwood High School, delivers the address, followed by the Rev. Mr. Mangum, of Benson, N. C., and others. The public is invited to attend with baskets. There has been universal satisfaction and 63 pupils have been enrolled, and a daily average of about 40 pupils.

"ERIC."

Now, as the General Assembly adjourns to-day (Monday) will you or one of our Representatives furnish us with a list of the Justices of the Peace that have been so recently appointed, as we might want to call on one soon.

Everything is quiet here, and all are anxious to see and hear what the Legislature has done.

We have several cases of measles in this vicinity.

The Grim Reaper has again drawn his scythe and placed upon little Hattie Tew, one of our near and dear students, the icy hands of death. All that can be comprised in a dutiful pupil, a loving and dutiful daughter, were strikingly prominent in her exemplary life. The stricken family have our heartfelt sympathy.

We are glad to note that our esteemed friend, Mr. Tyrus Thornton, is, we trust, improving. H. M. W.

TURKEY.

Mis Josephine Killett and her little sister, Eliza, of Haw River, Alamance county, N. C., who have been visiting friends and relatives in this township, returned home last Tuesday.

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE.

Married, at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Murphy, in this township, on the 5th of March, Miss Cattie Murphy to Mr. Ed. Williams, of Rockfish, Duplin county, Rev. Calvin Shaw officiating. The attendants were as follows: Mr. Horace Williams and Miss Annie McArthur, Mr. Walter Alderman and Miss Lennie Matthews, Mr. Willie Boney and Miss Alberta Colwell, Mr. Luvie James and Miss Lillie Williams, Mr. Willie Matthews and Miss Mattie James, Mr. Henry Williams and Miss Katie James, Mr. Rep. Murphy and Miss Katie Williams. After the marriage ceremony the happy assemblage were invited to partake of a most bountiful and sumptuous dinner, which all enjoyed with a zest. The evening was passed very pleasantly in conversation, music, &c., until about 4 o'clock, when the bridal party repaired to Mr. David Williams', the father of the bridegroom, where many of their friends were waiting to welcome them, and where another repast of richest viands awaited them. The remainder of the evening was spent in music, dancing, lovemaking, &c., and was doubtless the debut of other contracts which will probably eventuate in similar results. May the remainder of the lives of the happy pair be as sunny as their wedding day.

Attempt to Wreck "The Shoo-Fly."

On last Tuesday night as the "Shoo-Fly" train on the W. & W. Railroad, pulled by engineer J. M. Williams, was passing through Goshen Swamp, something cracked through the front window of the cab, sending shivered glass in every direction, brushed Mr. Williams' face and dropped upon the floor of the cab. Mr. Williams' face was cut slightly in several places by the flying glass, and for a moment he was a little dazed, as well as surprised. Upon making search for the object, which he supposed to be a stone or piece of wood thrown by some miscreant, he discovered to his great astonishment, a very large owl, lying in the front of the tender. Mr. Williams succeeded in capturing him, and took him on to Wilmington where he will be arraigned for an attempt at train wreckage. It is supposed the glare of the headlight blinded his owlship, who, in his bewildered state flew into environment.

FOR HIS DAUGHTER'S SAKE.

An Old Kentuckian Shot While Trying to Obtain Vengeance.

A special from Madison, Ind., says a terrible tragedy has just been enacted at Carrollton, Ky. Uncle Billy Williams, aged 60, father of five children, and ex-sheriff of Owen county, was shot in a duel with George Dean, an unmarried farmer 34 years old. Dean is the owner of a farm and Williams is a tenant of Dean's and says Dean seduced his daughter. He swore to avenge his daughter's wrong, and Dean, to avert a meeting, has been boarding at Madison, Ind., for the past month. Saturday he came to Carrollton. Williams spied him and crossed the street, when both pulled revolvers. Dean fired five and Williams four shots, one taking effect in Williams's side, producing what is thought to be a mortal wound. Williams says if he gets well Dean will bite the dust. The greatest excitement prevails. Public opinion is divided. The Owen county people threaten to mob Dean if Williams dies.

BRAVADO UNDER THE LASH.

Eight Culprits Punished at the Whipping Post in Delaware.

Three hundred spectators, among them some visitors from Philadelphia, witnessed the whippings at Newcastle, Del., Saturday last. Six negroes and two whites, for various larcenies, received from five to twenty lashes each. One of the negroes, George Cooper, came to the post wearing patent leather shoes and nobby trousers, and took 20 lashes without exhibiting much uneasiness. Frank Stanton, after his 20 lashes, coolly drew a cigar from his pocket and lighted it. Besides the whippings, George Cooper, a colored burglar; J. Byus, colored, convicted of murderous assault, and Samuel Long, for forgery, each stood one hour in the pillory.

Italians Killed in a Battle.

Contractor Kehoe, of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, W. Va., ran away two or three months ago, leaving 200 Italian laborers unpaid. The new contractor employed some other laborers and the Italians have attacked them several times. The contractor applied to the civil authorities for protection. The sheriff with a posse of 20 men went out to arrest the Italians and a terrible fight ensued. The Italians surrounded the sheriff and his party and firing was general all along the line. After the battle several men were found on the ground dead. Forty Italians were arrested and lodged in jail. None of the sheriff's men were badly hurt.

Establishing Shipyards in America.

Mr. A. D. Bryce Douglass, the managing director of the Navai Construction Company established at Barrow in Furness, has sailed for New York in order to select a site for the formation of extensive shipyards which it is proposed to establish in America.

Heed the Warning.

It is not infrequently the case that itching pimples and irritating "cat boils" are the forerunners of larger boils, or the more serious carbuncles. Invariably Nature puts out her danger signals, and they should be heeded at once. The pimples and little boils show that the blood is not in a good condition and nature is trying to relieve the system. A few doses of Swift's Specific at this juncture will accomplish wonders. The eruption will be healed and the system cleansed of its impurities. The modern paraphrase of the old saing, "A stitch in time," etc., is that "Timely stitches will save nine pairs of breeches." The modern form has a touch of humor that does not modify the truth of it. In that vein we may say that a course of Swift's Specific prevents ills terrific.

A RAILROAD HORROR.

Twenty-one Persons Killed and Twenty-two Injured in an Awful Plunge.

A wreck occurred on the Reading Railroad, 15 miles above the city of Reading, Pa., on Friday night last, at 6.45. It is the worst wreck that ever occurred in the history of the Reading Railroad Company in that section.

The train which met with the disaster left Reading at 6.05 o'clock, ten minutes late. It is known as the Pottsville express, and was running at the rate of at least thirty-eight or forty miles an hour. It had on board possibly 125 to 150 passengers, and it consisted of engine, tender, mail and express cars, and three passenger cars.

Above Shoemakerville, about fifteen miles above Reading, there is a curve where the railroad is about 18 to 20 feet higher than the Schuylkill River. Here, shortly before 6 o'clock, a freight train ran into a coal train, throwing several cars of the latter on the opposite track, and before the train hands had time to go back to warn any approaching train of the danger, the Pottsville express came around the curve and ran into the wrecked coal cars on its track. The engine went down the embankment, followed by the entire train with its human freight.

The noise of the terrific crash was heard several miles. The locomotive headlight was hurled nearly across the river, while sections of the wrecked engine cab reached the other bank. The engine leaped 150 feet forward of the spot she struck the wreck and plunged into the river. The tank jumped into the air and fell right back of the engine. The mail, express, and baggage cars were splintered into kindling wood, and dropped into the current. The heavy part of the car Elywn turned upward in the stream, drowning seven of its occupants.

Twenty-one dead and 22 injured is the record of the awful plunge of the train, the labors of the searchers ending with the finding of the body of John White, the engineer, whose head had been cut off and lost in the river.

"RISE, BROTHERS, RISE."

A Whooping Bloody Circular From the Socialists.

The *Arbeiter Zeitung* of Chicago, the organ of the German socialists, prints a translation of a long circular, which, it claims, was picked up in that city. It is addressed to the "oppressed and disinherited." In bloodthirsty language it pictures the alleged intolerable conditions of society, the "monster of capital," which sheds "rivers of blood" in its greed for wealth. It speaks of tyranny as "fastened to the breast of the people and sucking out its vitality." The chains of slavery are made to clank, the "police monster" flourishes the whip and club and helps to tear one by one members from the body of the people. The people are urged to destroy the capitalistic system and establish a society based upon love, fraternity, and equality.

It concludes with the statement that anarchy is the only system which can satisfy all wants of human society. "Then arise, brothers and sisters of the laboring people," is the last sentence. "Arise up in arms, rise for the social revolution, destroy the existing system of robbery, which threatens to crush you, and found the system of anarchy."

OBJECTED TO THE BRIDE.

A Father Tries to Kill His Son at His Wedding.

Heny Cassell, of 179 Glendinning avenue, Jersey City, attempted to kill his son while the latter was about to be married to Miss Mary Deely, aged nineteen, in St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church. The bridal couple were standing before the altar when Cassell jumped up and pointing a pistol at his son, fired. The ball failed to hit the young man. As Cassell was about to fire a second shot Father Sheehan sprang toward him and seizing his arm managed to disarm him after a struggle. The priest's hand was severely scratched. Young Cassell, who is twenty-one years of age, said his father had warned him to give up Miss Deely, but as he loved the girl he made her his wife.

Money is reported tight in Wall street.

The rush of cotton to Norfolk is on the increase.

Five persons were killed in a railroad accident in the city of Chicago.

Speaker Reed failed to secure a quorum at Monday's session of the House.

The trial of Burchall, the alleged murderer of Benwell, is on this week at Woodstock, Ont.

A riot was caused at Marshalltown, Iowa, by a railroad company's attempt to lay a track within the city limits against the wishes of property owners.

The barkentine Tropic Bird arrived at San Francisco, Cal., with news that the French forces have subdued the natives of the Society Islands and established protectorates over them.

A suit brought by the Webster Loom Company against E. S. Higgins & Co., the carpet manufacturers, has just been decided in the United States circuit court in New York. The claim was for $30,000,000. The decision allowed the claimants six cents.

The Department of State has been officially notified that an international congress, whose object will be to examine questions relating to the reclamation of prisoners and to the protection of children who have been practically abandoned, will meet at Antwerp in Belgium on the 9 h of October next.

CABLE SPARKS.

The Comte de Paris and Duc D'Orleans sail for America on September 24.

Eight bottle manufacturers at Calais, France, have locked out 50,000 of their employees.

The ship St. Mary, from New York for San Francisco, has been shattered at Stanley, Falkland Islands.

McAuliffe and Slavin, the prize fighters, have been arrested in London and the fight is off for the present.

One hundred and seventy members of the Iron and Steel Institute are passengers on the steamer Servia, from London to New York.

BRIDLING THE GREAT NIAGARA.

The Tunnel Company on the Ground Ready for Work.

Last week the contract for the construction of a tunnel which, its projectors hope, will make Niagara Falls the greatest manufacturing center on the continent, a dispatch from Buffalo says, was let to Rogers & Clement. Now the contractors are on the ground, and within ten days they will begin work. New machinery will be bought to prosecute the work, and 240 men will be given employment to begin with.

An international convention called the Cataract Construction Company has been in session for some time in London, England. Of this commission Sir William Thompson is president. Professor Coleman Sellers represents America, Professor Marcart France, and Theodore Tourit Switzerland. The commission is to decide the best and most economical method of utilizing the power of Niagara as developed by the construction company. A goodly prize has been offered for the best plan presented, and last week, Ernest Sautter, of Geneva, Switzerland, arrived in town with a plan, which he will present to the company

MOUNT OLIVE DEPARTMENT,

LOCAL ITEMS:

Mr. Lonnie Hollowell, of Guilford College is here on a short visit to friends and relatives.

A Salvation Army man arrived in town Saturday and is holding services each night in the free school house.

The Presbyterians gave a festival in the "red store" last Tuesday night. Proceeds for the benefit of their church.

Mrs. Effie Harrell, of South Mills, Camden county, is on a visit to her sister, Miss Minnie Kelly, who is still quite sick.

Our Baptist friends had a festival last Friday night in the "red store," and though the weather was very unfavorable they realized a satisfactory sum.

THE TELEGRAM had it last week that the Millburn district conference would meet in Kinston in May. It should have been New Berne district conference.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

James W. Lancaster, Hawkinsville, Ga., writes: "My wife was in bad health for eight years. Five doctors and as many more different patent medicines had done her no good. Six bottles of B. B. B. has cured her."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

—:o:—

We are making preparation for our semi-annual trip to New York and need all money due us. If you owe us an account you are expected to settle it NOW!

You have had our goods and ought to pay for them.

Respectfully,
WM. A. JOHNSON.

N. B.—New Spring Goods just received. mch5—1m

Notice to Creditors!

—:o:—

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED as the administrator of the estate of J. O. Rich, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make immediate payment.

All persons holding claims against said estate will present the same, duly proven according to law, on or before March 9th, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. L. J. RICH, Adm'r.
Per HENRY E. FAISON, Att'y.
March 9th. 1891.—12-6w

Notice to Creditors!

—:o:—

HAVING QUALIEIED AS administrator of Nathan R. Johnson, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present the same, duly proven, according to law, on or before March 6th, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate in any way will please come forward and make immediate payment.

A. C. JOHNSON,
Administrator.
Per Attorney, HENRY E. FAISON.
March 6th, 1891.—12-6w

W. T. WILLIAMSON'S

BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY

IN NEW QUARTERS ON FAYETTEVILLE ST.

☞ Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.

I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Roads Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.

Respectfully,
mch28—tf W. T. WILLIAMSON.

TAKE BOTANIC BLOOD BALM FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

The Best Household Medicine.

Once or twice each year the system needs purging of the impurities which clog the blood. From childhood to old age, no remedy meets all cases with the same certainty of good results as

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

W. C. McGaahey, Webb City, Ark., writes, "B. B. B. has done me more good and for less money than any other blood purifier I ever used. I owe the comfort of my life to it."

P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 20, 1888, writes: "I depend on B. B. B. for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor."

☞ Write for Illustrated "Book of Wonders," BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sent free.

WHEN YOU GO

To Goldsboro be sure to stop at the

GREGORY-ARLINGTON HOTELS.

Good fare, attentive servants and large comfortable rooms.

When you get off the train "Isaac" (everybody knows Isaac) will be here. Give him your baggage and go with him.

WILL HUNTER,
oct16—tf Proprietor.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, RELIABLE. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. Name Paper. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Local Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA.—SAMPSON COUNTY.

C. B. Wrench, adm'r of E. F. Jackson, vs. Joel Jackson and others, heirs at law of E. F. Jackson. } Before the Clerk.

I appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Joel Jackson, one of the defendants in the above entitled cause, is a non-resident of this State notice is hereby given to him to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Sampson county, on the 23rd day of April, 1891, to answer or demur to the petition of the said E. B. Wrench, administrator, the same being a petition to sell the lands of E. F. Jackson, deceased, to make assetts for the payments of debts, and let the said Joel Jackson take notice that if he shall fail so to appear and make defense the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief sought in said petition.

J. S. BIZZELL, C. S. C.
This the 6th day of March, '91.—6w

NOTICE!

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, directed to me, I, as guardian of Hardy W. MaGee and as commissioner appointed by the court, will sell on Monday, 6th day of April, 1891, at the hour of twelve, at the court house door in the town of Clinton, to the highest bidder, the following described land, situated in Sampson county, N. C., belonging to the said MaGee, and known as part of the MaGee land, to-wit: Beginning at a stake on the run of Beverdam swamp and runs south 55 west, 68 poles, to a stake; then south 30, west 118 poles to a stake on the old line; then that line north 57, west 17 poles to a stake, the old corner; then about north 10, east 24 poles to the run of a small branch, down said branch 15 poles to the run of Beaverdam swamp as it meanders to the beginning, containing 104 acres, more on less.

TERMS OF SALE—Twenty per cent. of the purchase money cash, balance upon six months credit, with note and approved security. Title reserved till purchase money is paid.

REDIN McKENZIE,
Guardian and Commissioner.
J. C. SLOCUMB, Attorney.
March 5th, 1891.—12-tds

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER of sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed, made by G. W. West and Mary Francis West to Young Bros., which has been duly recorded in book No. 72, page 78, records of Sampson county, N. C, I will, on Monday, March the 31st, 1891, at 12 M., at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C., sell for cash, at public auction, a certain tract of land in Sampson county, known as G. W. West's land, containing 63 acres, more or less. For further description see records of Sampson county.

YOUNG BROS.,
Mortgagees.
This Feb. 18, 1891.—mch5—4t

NOTICE OF SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, made at February term, 1891, in case of H. K. Bennett and others against J. D. Kerr and others, the undersigned, as commissioner, of said court, will sell to the highest bidder at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C., on the 6th day of April, 1891, three certain tracts of land, described as follows:

One tract in South Clinton township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, M. M. Killett Allen Williamson and others, containing 90 acres, more or less.

2nd tract in same township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, Stephen Boon, the Carters land and others, containing 49 acres.

3rd tract, in Mingo township, in the fork of Peter Lee's mill branch, adjoining the Hudson & Draughon lands and containing 64 acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—20 per cent cash; balance, one half in six months and one half in twelve months, with 8 per cent interest from day of sale. Title reserved. J. S. BIZZELL, Com.
This March 4th, 1891.—tds

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUANO For Sale!

FARMER'S

Special Cotton Compound.

Made from Amonia, Bone, Cotton Seed Meal and Fish.

Manufactured by F. S Royster & Tarboro, N. C.

J. A. FERRELL, Agent,
feb19—2m Clinton, N. C.

MILL AND FIXTURES FOR SALE!

One Twenty-five Horse Power Watertown Steam Engine and Boiler and one Saw Mill; with Ratchet Head-Blocks, all made by Dewey Bros., Goldsboro, N. C., and having been run only about six months.

Also I will sell one Timber Wagon, one Log Cart and one road Wagon, all of them are nearly new.

Also I have three young Mules for sale.

For further particulars apply to
BIAS UNDERWOOD,
jan22—tf Clinton, N. C.

YOU MAN OF BUSINESS,

How Much Can You Lift?

That depends on what you lift with. Archimedes said: "Give me a fulcrum on which to rest, and I will move the earth."

Many a business has enough

CAPITAL AND ENERGY

And yet barely holds it own, or fails altogether because these forces are not wisely utilized.

If you would move the world of trade, try the fulcrum of Newspaper Advertising. THE CAUCASIAN will enable you to do this to the greatest possible advantage.

NORTH CAROLINA, SAMPSON CO.—IN SUPERIOR COURT, JANUARY, 1891.

Deliah Fennell and others, vs. Lizzie Fennell and others } Petition for Sale.

To Lizzie Fennell, Locy Fennell, Edwin Fennell and Roscoe Fennell:

Whereas, a petition has been filed before the undersigned, Clerk of the Superior Court of Sampson county, to sell the land belonging to the late Ellen T. Fennell for division among her heirs-at-law, and it appearing that the above named parties are interested therein and are entitled to share belonging to Eddie Fennell, deceased, and it further appearing that said parties are non-residents of the State; now, therefore, you are commanded to appear before me, at my office, on March 10th, 1891, and answer or demur to said petition, or judgment will be granted against you.

J. S. BIZZELL,
Clerk Superior Court.
Jan. 18th, 1891.—22-6t

CHAS. A. GOODWIN & CO.,

PROPRIETORS

Fayetteville Marble Works.

[LAUTER'S OLD STAND,]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Marble and Granite Monuments, Wrought Iron and Woven Wire Fencing.

BEST WORK! LOWEST PRICES!
Guarantee Satisfaction!
feb5—tf

PAID 31 DOLLARS DOCTORS' BILL.

paid 31 dollars doctor's bill for my wife in one year, and one bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.
JAMES T. GOTT, Carmi, Ill.

Have suffered periodically for years—been treated by the best physicians without relief—Bradfield's Female Regulator did me more good than all the other remedies.
Mrs. ELIZA DAVIS, Charlotte, N. C.

Have used Bradfield's Female Regulator and can recommend it to all my friends.
Miss C. S. WIRMINTER, Denver, Col.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy,

SMITH'S
BILE BEANS

Use the SMALL Size (40 little Beans to the bottle). THEY ARE THE MOST CONVENIENT. Suitable for all Ages. Price of either size, 25c. per Bottle.

KISSING at 7-17-70 "PHOTOGRAVURE" PANEL SIZE. Mailed for 4 cts. (coppers or stamps). J. F. SMITH & CO. Makers of "BILE BEANS," ST. LOUIS MO.

$20 Favorite Singer Sewing Machine. HIGH ARM $25.00.

Each Machine has a drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, with nickel rings, and a full set of Attachments, equal to any Singer Machine sold from $40 to $60 by Canvassers. A trial to your home before payment is asked. Buy direct of the Man

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLINTON DRUG STORE

[ESTABLISHED 13 YEARS.]

T. J. LEE - - Manager.

Persons need medicine only when they are sick and their lives in danger, then they want the very best that can be had. Only such is kept at the CLINTON DRUG STORE; there can be found also a full line of Patent Medicines, Essential Oils, Perfumery, Trusses, English Tooth Brushes, Medicinal Whiskey, Horse and Cattle Powders, and the best remedies for all diseases and ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Poultry, etc.

LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTERS

In North Carolina's sunny clime.
Their wond'rous virtues, fadeless stil
Exert an influence sublime
In ministering to human ill;
And many a pang along our way,
Lee's Plasters doth allay.

You can cure a bad case of Backache quicker with one of Lee's Plasters than by any other application, and after the backache is cured, you can still wear the plaster with comfort for a month or longer. This Plaster is a great discovery, and it is hard to find any pain or ache that will not yield to it. Prepared only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

LEE'S WART SPECIFIC.

A certain cure for warts on horses and mules, as Judge E. T. Boykin, the Editor of THE CAUCASIAN, Capt. Cornelius Partrick, Maj. W. Lucius Faison, Messrs. A. Ferd Johnson, Henry E. Faison, Wm. H. Faison, Hon. Bascomb Nicholson and hundreds of others in Sampson and adjoining counties and throughout Eastern Carolina will certify. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

WORMS IN HORSES.

Lee's Worm Specific never fails to expel worms from horses and mules. Warranted in every case. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS.

We offer under this head the best Condition Powders in the market. They are prepared by the leading Drug House of the United States, from the formula of the most distinguished Veterinary Surgeon living. They are excellent appetizers-a general alterative and tonic, and can be relied upon as a remedy for all diseases of domestic animals. They are composed of Licorice-Root, Juniper Berries, Flaxseed, Gentian, Ginger, Iron and Antimony. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

OTHER SPECIALTIES.

Pure 4-year Old Medicinal Whiskey.
A Safe and Certain Corn Cure.
Sure Cure for Scratches in Horses.
Sure Cure for Eczema in Cattle and Horses.
Safe and Sure Cure for Lice on Stock.
Specific for Staggers in Horses and Hogs.
Sure Cure for Chicken Cholera.

Scientific remedies for all diseases and ailments of Horses, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Poultry and Dogs.

T. J. LEE, Druggist.
October 9th, 1890. -tf

LAST STORE!

Last store, on the corner of the of the row North of Courthouse, is the place for
BRANDIES, WHISKIES,
BEER, RUM, ALE, GIN,
WINES and Liquors of all kind.
Special attention to our

Clover Club Rye Whiskey!

The Best and Purest Whiskey in Town.

Absolutely pure and guaranteed to be better than any of the so-called "Medicinal Whiskies" in the place.

Full line of Family Groceries, Canned Goods, Syrups, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

BODENHAMMER & RUSSELL

Respectfully invite you to call
mch20—tf

RAILROAD HOUSE,

NEAR THE DEPOT.

Sample-Rooms and Special Conveniences for Traveling Men.

The Fare is the best the market affords, which is always served in good wholesome style.

Board, per day, only	$ 1 50
" " week,	4 00
" " month,	12 00

The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.

W. E. BASS,
sep19—tf Proprietor.

If You Have

CONSUMPTION | COUGH OR COLD
BRONCHITIS | Throat Affection
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Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites.
PALATABLE AS MILK.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

SESSOM'S HOTEL,

ROSEBORO, N. C.

Special accommodations for the traveling public.

Regular boarders will also be taken.

MRS. J. M. SESSOMS,
my8—tf Proprietress.

CORRUPT LITERATURE.

DR. TALMAGE PREACHES A RINGING SERMON ON A CRYING EVIL.

Young and Old Are Being Mentally, Morally and Physically Infected by Pernicious Books—The Wrong Must Be Righted—How to Do It.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The plague of pernicious literature formed the subject of Dr. Talmage's sermon today, which was the third of the series he is preaching on the "Ten Plagues of the Cities." The Brooklyn Academy of Music was filled in the morning by a dense crowd eager to hear it, and at night at The Christian Herald service, in the New York Academy of Music, the doors had to be closed long before the hour of service, there being no space available within the building for more hearers. So large is the number of those every week disappointed of gaining admission that the project of hiring the Madison Square Garden has again been revived. One citizen has offered to pay all the expenses if the Garden can be secured and Dr. Talmage can be induced to preach in it. The text of the preacher's discourse was taked from Ex. viii, 6, 7: "And the frogs came up and covered the land of Egypt. And the magicians did so with their enchantments, and brought up frogs upon the land of Egypt."

There is almost a universal aversion to frogs, and yet with the Egyptian they were honored, they were sacred, and they were objects of worship while alive, and after death they were embalmed, and today their remains may be found among the sepulchers of Thebes. These creatures, so attractive once to the Egyptians, at divine behest became obnoxious and loathsome, and they went croaking and hopping and leaping into the palace of the king, and into the bread trays and the couches of the people, and even the ovens, which now are uplifted above the earth and on the side of the chimneys, but then were small holes in the earth with sunken pottery, were filled with frogs when the housekeepers came to look at them. If a man sat down to eat, a frog alighted on his plate. If he attempted to put on a shoe it was preoccupied by a frog. If he attempted to put his head upon a pillow it had been taken possession of by a frog.

Frogs high and low and everywhere; loathsome frogs, slimy frogs, besieging frogs, innumerable frogs, great plague of frogs. What made the matter worse the magicians said there was no miracle in this, and they could by sleight of hand produce the same thing, and they seemed to succeed, for by sleight of hand wonders may be wrought. After Moses had thrown down his staff and by miracle it became a serpent, and then he took hold of it and by miracle it again became a staff, the serpent charmers imitated the same thing, and knowing that there were serpents in Egypt which by a peculiar pressure on the neck would become as rigid as a stick of wood, they seemed to change the serpent into the staff, and then throwing it down the staff became the serpent. So likewise these magicians tried to imitate the plague of frogs, and perhaps by smell of food attracting a great number of them to a certain point, or by shaking them out from a hidden place, the magicians sometimes seemed to accomplish the same miracle. While these magicians made the plague worse, none of them tried to make it better. "Frogs came up and covered the land of Egypt, and the magicians did so with their enchantment, and brought up frogs upon the land of Egypt."

A MODERN PLAGUE.

Now that plague of frogs has come back upon the earth. It is abroad today. It is smiting this nation. It comes in the shape of corrupt literature. These frogs hop into the store, the shop, the office, the banking house, the factory, into the home, into the cellar, into the garret, on the drawing room table, on the shelf of the library. While the lad is reading the bad book the teacher's face is turned the other way. One of these frogs hops upon the page. While the young woman is reading the forbidden novelette after retiring at night, reading by gaslight, one of these frogs leaps upon the page. Indeed, they have hopped upon the news stands of the country, and the mails at the postoffice shake out in the letter trough hundreds of them. The plague has taken at different times possession of this country. It is one of the most loathsome, one of the most frightful, one of the most ghastly of the ten plagues of our modern cities.

There is a vast number of books and newspapers printed and published which ought never to see the light. They are filled with a pestilence that makes the land swelter with a moral epidemic. The greatest blessing that ever came to this nation is that of an elevated literature, and the greatest scourge has been that of unclean literature. This last has its victims in all occupations and departments. It has helped to fill insane asylums and penitentiaries and almshouses and dens of shame. The bodies of this infection lie in the hospitals and in the graves, while their souls are being tossed over into a lost eternity, an avalanche of horror and despair. The London plague was nothing to it. That counted its victims by thousands, but this modern pest has already shoveled its millions into the charnel house of the morally dead. The longest rail train that ever ran over the Erie or Hudson tracks was not long enough nor large enough to carry the beastliness and the putrefaction which have been gathered up in bad books and newspapers of this land in the last twenty years. The literature of a nation decides the fate of a nation. Good books, good morals. Bad books, bad morals.

I begin with the lowest of all the literature, that which does not even pretend to be respectable—from cover to cover a blotch of leprosy. There are many whose entire business it is to dispose of that kind of literature. They display it before the schoolboy on his way home. They get the catalogues of schools and colleges, take the names and postoffice addresses and send their advertisements, and their circulars, and their pamphlets, and their books to every one of them.

SENDING OUT BAD BOOKS.

In the possession of these dealers in bad literature were found nine hundred thousand names and postoffice addresses, to whom it was thought it might be profitable to send these corrupt things. In the year 1873 there were one hundred and sixty-five establishments engaged in publishing cheap, corrupt literature. From one publishing house there went out twenty different styles of corrupt books. Although over thirty tons of vile literature have been destroyed by the Society for the Suppression of Vice, still there is enough of it left in this country to bring down upon us the thunderbolts of an incensed God.

In the year 1868 the evil had become so great in this country that the congress of the United States passed a law forbidding the transmission of bad literature through the United States mails; but there were large loops in that law through which criminals might crawl out, and the law was a dead failure—that law of 1868. But in 1873 another law was passed by the congress of the United States against the transmission of corrupt literature through the mails—a grand law, a potent law, a Christian law—and under that law multitudes of these scoundrels have been arrested, their property confiscated and they themselves thrown into the penitentiaries, where they belonged.

HOW CAN IT BE FOUGHT?

Now, my friends, how are we to war against this corrupt literature, and how are the frogs of this Egyptian plague to be slain? First of all, by the prompt and inexorable execution of the law. Let all good postmasters and United States district attorneys and detectives and reformers concert in their action to stop this plague. When Sir Rowland Hill spent his life in trying to secure cheap postage, not only for England but for all the world, and to open the blessings of the postoffice to all honest business and to all messages of charity and kindness and affection, for all healthful intercommunication, he did not mean to make vice easy or to fill the mail bags of the United States with the scabs of such a leprosy.

It ought not to be in the power of every bad man who can raise a one cent stamp for a circular, or a two cent stamp for a letter, to blast a man or destroy a home. The postal service of this country must be clean, and we must all understand that the swift retributions of the United States government hover over every violation of the letter box.

There are thousands of men and women in this country, some for personal gain, some through innate depravity, some through a spirit of revenge, who wish to use this great avenue of convenience and intelligence for purposes revengeful, salacious and diabolic. Wake up the law. Wake up all its penalties. Let every court room on this subject be a Sinai thunderous and aflame. Let the convicted offenders be sent for the full term to Sing Sing or Harrisburg.

I am not talking about what cannot be done. I am talking now about what is being done. A great many of the printing presses that gave themselves entirely to the publication of vile literature have been stopped or have gone into business less obnoxious. What has thrown off, what has kept off the rail trains of this country for some time back nearly all the leprous periodicals? Those of us who have been on the rail trains have noticed a great change in the last few months and the last year or two. Why have nearly all those vile periodicals been kept off the rail trains for some time back? Who effected it? These societies for the purification of railroad literature gave warning to the publishers and warning to railroad companies and warning to conductors and warning to newsboys to keep the infernal stuff off the trains.

PURIFYING THE NEWS STANDS.

Many of the cities have successfully prohibited the most of that literature even from going on the news stands. Terror has seized upon the publishers and dealers in impure literature, from the fact that over a thousand arrests have been made, and the aggregate time for which the convicted have been sentenced to the prison is over one hundred and ninety years, and from the fact that about two million of their circulars have been destroyed, and the business is not as profitable as it used to be.

How have so many of the news stands of our great cities been purified? How has so much of this iniquity been balked? By moral suasion? Oh, no. You might as well go into a jungle of the East Indies and pat a cobra on the neck, and with profound argument try to persuade it that it is morally wrong to bite and to sting and to poison anything. The only answer to your argument would be an uplifted head and a hiss, and a sharp, reeking tooth stuck into your arteries. The only argument for a cobra is a shotgun, and the only argument for these dealers in impure literature is the clutch of the police and bean soup in the penitentiary. The law! The law! I invoke to consummate the work so grandly begun!

Another way in which we are to drive back this plague of Egyptian frogs is by filling the minds of our young people with a healthful literature. I do not mean to say that all the books and newspapers in our families ought to be religious books and newspapers, or that every song ought to be sung to the tune of "Old Hundred." I have no sympathy with the attempt to make the young old. I would rather join in a crusade to keep the young young. Boyhood and girlhood must not be abbreviated. But there are good books, good histories, good biographies, good works of fiction, good books of all styles with which we are to fill the minds of the young, so that there will be no more room for the useless and vicious than there is room for the chaff in a bushel measure which is already filled with Michigan wheat.

RUINED BY PERNICIOUS READING.

Why are 50 per cent. of the criminals in the jails and penitentiaries of the United States today under twenty-one years of age? Many of them under seventeen, under sixteen, under fifteen, under fourteen, under thirteen. Walk along one of the corridors of the Tombs prison in New York and look for yourselves. Bad books, bad newspapers bewitched them as soon as they got out of the cradle. Beware of all those stories which end wrong. Beware of all those books which make the road that ends in perdition seem to end in Paradise. Do not glorify the dirk and the pistol. Do not call the desperado brave or the libertine gallant. Teach our young people that if they go down into the swamps and marshes to watch the jack-o'-lanterns dance on the decay and rottenness, they will catch the malaria and death.

"Oh!" says some one, "I am a business man, and I have no time to examine what my children read. I have no time to inspect the books that come into my household." If your children were threatened with typhoid fever, would you have time to go for the doctor? Would you have time to watch the progress of the disease? Would you have time for the funeral? In the presence of my God I warn you of the fact that your children are threatened with moral and spiritual typhoid, and that unless the thing be stopped it will be to them funeral of body, funeral of mind, funeral of soul. Three funerals in one day.

My word is to this vast multitude of young people: Do not touch, do not borrow, do not buy a corrupt book or a corrupt picture. A book will decide a man's destiny for good or for evil. The book you read yesterday may have decided you for time and for eternity, or it may be a book that may come into your possession to-morrow.

THE POWER OF A GOOD BOOK.

A good book—who can exaggerate its power? Benjamin Franklin said that his reading of Cotton Mather's "Essays to Do Good" in childhood gave him holy aspirations for all the rest of his life. George Law declared that a biography he read in childhood gave him all his subsequent prosperities. A clergyman, many years ago, passing to the far west, stopped at a hotel. He saw a woman copying something from Doddridge's "Rise and Progress." It seemed that she had borrowed the book, and there were some things she wanted especially to remember.

The clergyman had in his sachel a copy of Doddridge's "Rise and Progress," and so he made her a present of it. Thirty years passed on. The clergyman came that way, and he asked where the woman was whom he had seen long ago. They said, "She lives yonder in that beautiful house." He went there and said to her, "Do you remember me?" She said, "No, I do not." He said, "Do you remember a man gave you Doddridge's 'Rise and Progress' thirty years ago?" "Oh, yes; I remember. That book saved my soul. I loaned the book to all my neighbors, and they read it and were converted to God, and we had a revival of religion that swept through the whole community. We built a church and called a pastor. You see that spire yonder, don't you? That church was built as the result of that book you gave me thirty years ago." Oh, the power of a good book! But, alas! for the influence of a bad book.

John Angel James, than whom England never had a holier minister, stood in his pulpit at Birmingham and said: "Twenty-five years ago a lad loaned to me an infamous book. He would loan it only fifteen minutes and then I had to give it back; but that book has haunted me like a specter ever since. I have in agony of soul, on my knees before God, prayed that he would obliterate from my soul the memory of it; but I shall carry the damage of it to the day of my death." The assassin of Sir William Russell declared that he got the inspiration for his crime by reading what was then a new and popular novel, "Jack Sheppard." Homer's "Iliad" made Alexander the warrior. Alexander said so. The story of Alexander made Julius Cæsar and Charles XII both men of blood. Have you in your pocket, or in your trunk, or in your desk at business a bad book, a bad picture, a bad pamphlet? In God's name I warn you to destroy it.

ANOTHER WAY.

Another way in which we shall fight back this corrupt literature and kill the frogs of Egypt is by rolling over them the Christian printing press, which shall give plenty of healthful reading to all adults. All these men and women are reading men and women. What are you reading? Abstain from all those books which, while they had some good things about them have also an admixture of evil. You have read books that had two elements in them—the good and the bad. Which stuck to you? The bad! The heart of most people is like a sieve, which lets the small particles of gold fall through but keeps the great cinders. Once in a while there is a mind like a loadstone, which, plunged amid steel and brass filings, gathers up the steel and repels the brass. But it is generally just the opposite. If you attempt to plunge through a fence of burrs to get one blackberry you will get more burrs than blackberries. You cannot afford to read a bad book, however good you are. You say, "The influence is insignificant." I tell you that the scratch of a pin has sometimes produced the lock jaw.

Alas! if through curiosity, as many do, you pry into an evil book, your curiosity is as dangerous as that of the man who would take a torch into a gunpowder mill merely to see whether it would really blow up or not. In a menagerie a man put his arm through the bars of a black leopard's cage. The animal's hide looked so sleek and bright and beautiful. He just stroked it once. The monster seized him, and he drew forth a hand torn and mangled and bleeding. Oh, touch not evil even with the faintest stroke! Though it may be glossy and beautiful, touch it not, lest you pull forth your soul torn and bleeding under the clutch of the black leopard. "But," you say, "how can I find out whether a book is good or bad without reading it?" There is always something suspicious about a bad book. I never knew an exception—something suspicious in the index or style of illustration. This venomous reptile almost always carries a warning rattle.

The clock strikes midnight. A fair form bends over a romance. The eyes flash fire. The breath is quick and irregular. Occasionally the color dashes to the cheek, and then dies out. The hands tremble as though a guardian spirit were trying to shake the deadly book out of the grasp. Hot tears fall. She laughs with a shrill voice that drops dead at its own sound. The sweat on her brow is the spray dashed up from the river of death. The clock strikes four, and the rosy dawn soon after begins to look through the lattice upon the pale form that looks like a detained specter of the night. Soon in a madhouse she will mistake her ringlets for curling serpents, and thrust her white hand through the bars of the prison, and smite her head, rubbing it back as though to push the scalp from the skull, shrieking, "My brain! my brain!" Oh, stand off from that! Why will you go sounding your way amid the reefs and warning buoys, when there is such a vast ocean in which you may voyage, all sail set?

A BOOK!

We see so many books we do not understand what a book is. Stand it on end. Measure it—the height of it, the depth of it, the length of it, the breadth of it. You cannot do it. Examine the paper and estimate the progress made from the time of the impressions on the clay, and then on to the bark of trees, and from the bark of trees to papyrus, and from papyrus to the hide of wild beasts, and from the hide of wild beasts on down until the miracles of our modern paper manufactories, and then see the paper, white and pure as an infant's soul waiting for God's inscription.

A book! Examine the type of it. Examine the printing of it, and see the progress from the time when Solon's laws were written on oak planks, and Hesiod's poems were written on tables of lead, and the Sinaitic commands were written on tables of stone, on down to Hoe's perfecting printing press.

A book! It took all the universities of the past, all the martyr fires, all the civilizations, all the battles, all the victories, all the defeats, all the glooms, all the brightnesses, all the centuries to make it possible.

A book! It is the chorus of the ages; it is the drawing room in which kings and queens and orators and poets and historians and philosophers come out to greet you. If I worshiped anything on earth I would worship that. If I burned incense to any idol I would build an altar to that. Thank God for good books, healthful books, inspiring books, Christian books, books of men, books of women, Book of God. It is with these good books that we are to overcome corrupt literature. Upon the frogs swoop with these eagles. I depend much for the overthrow of iniquitous literature upon the mortality of books. Even good books have a hard struggle to live.

Polybius wrote forty books; only five of them left. Thirty books of Tacitus have perished. Twenty books of Pliny have perished. Livy wrote one hundred and forty books; only thirty-five of them remain. Æschylus wrote one hundred dramas; only seven remain. Euripides wrote over a hundred; only nineteen remain. Varro wrote the biographies of over seven hundred great Romans. All that wealth of biography has perished. If good and valuable books have such a struggle to live, what must be the fate of those that are diseased and corrupt and blasted at the very start? They will die as the frogs when the Lord turned back the plague. The work of Christianization will go on until there will be nothing left but good books, and they will take the supremacy of the world. May you and I live to see the illustrious day!

COUNTERACT THE BAD WITH GOOD.

Against every bad pamphlet send a good pamphlet; against every unclean picture send an innocent picture; against every scurrilous song send a Christian song; against every bad book send a good book; and then it will be as it was in ancient Toledo, where the Toletum missals were kept by the saints in six churches, and the sacrilegious Romans demanded that those missals be destroyed, and that the Roman missals be substituted; and the war came on, and I am glad to say that, the whole matter having been referred to champions, the champion of the Toletum missals with one blow brought down the champion of the Roman missals. So it will be in our day.

The good literature, the Christian literature, in its championship for God and the truth will bring down the evil literature in its championship for the devil. I feel tingling to the tips of my fingers and through all the nerves of my body and all the depths of my soul the certainty of our triumph. Cheer up, oh men and women who are toiling for the purification of society! Toil with your faces in the sunlight. "If God be for us, who, who can be against us?"

Lady Hester Stanhope was the daughter of the third Earl of Stanhope, and after her nearest friends had died she went to the far east, took possession of a deserted convent, threw up fortresses amid the mountains of Lebanon, opened the castle to the poor and the wretched and the sick who would come in. She made her castle a home for the unfortunate. She was a devout Christian woman. She was waiting for the coming of the Lord. She expected that the Lord would descend in person, and she thought upon it until it was too much for her reason. In the magnificent stables of her palace she had two horses groomed and bridled and saddled and caparisoned, and all ready for the day in which her Lord should descend, and he on one of them and she on the other should start for Jerusalem, the city of the Great-King. It was a fanaticism and a delusion; but there was romance, and there was splendor, and there was thrilling expectation in the dream!

Ah! my friends, we need no earthly palfreys groomed and saddled and bridled and caparisoned for our Lord when he shall come. The horse is ready in the equerry of heaven, and the imperial rider is ready to mount. "And I saw, and behold a white horse, and he that sat on him had a bow; and a crown was given unto him; and he went forth conquering and to conquer. And the armies which were in heaven followed him on white horses, and on his vesture and on his thigh were written, King of kings and Lord of lords" Horsemen of heaven, mount! Cavalrymen of God, ride on! Charge! charge! until they shall be hurled back on their haunches—the black horse of famine, and the red horse of carnage, and the pale horse of death. Jesus forever!

Deafness Can't Be Cured

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

An eminent surgeon says says that with four cuts and a few stitches he can alter a man's face so his own mother would not know him. That's nothing. Any newspaper can do that much with only one cut.—Ex.

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TIME TABLE 19.

To take effect 6 a. m., Wednesday, May 28th, 1890.

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Mixed Frt. and Passenger. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.		51 Passenger. DAILY, Except Sunday.	
	Ar.	Lv.	Ar.	Lv.
	A. M.	A. M.	P M	P M
Goldsboro,		6 30		3 30
Best's,	6 57	7 05	3 53	3 56
La Grange,	7 20	7 30	4 06	4 03
Falling Creek,	7 48	7 53	4 21	4 20
Kinston,	8 11	8 30	4 35	4 45
Caswell,	8 50	8 55	4 55	4 55
Dover,	9 15	10 02	5 05	5 09
Core Creek,	10 31	10 36	5 19	5 15
Tuscarora,	11 00	11 05	5 31	5 31
Clark's,	11 17	11 41	5 41	5 48
Newberne,	12 15	3 00	6 00	6 09
Riverdale,	3 37	3 42	6 39	6 34
Croatan.	3 48	3 50	6 44	6 46
Havelock,	4 08	4 13	6 56	6 56
Newport,	4 37	4 42	7 13	7 14
Wildwood,	4 51	4 55	7 24	7 28
Atlantic,	5 01	5 01	7 28	7 23
Morehead C'y,	5 16	5 21	7 38	7 40
Atlantic Hotel,	5 23	5 28	7 45	7 59
Morehead Dp't	5 31		7 53	
	P. M.	P. M.	P M	P M

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	50 Passenger. DAILY. Except Sunday.		Mixed Frt. and Passenger. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.	2
	Ar.	Lv.	Ar.	Lv.
	A. M.	A. M.	P M	P M
Morehead Dp't		6 45		6 00
Atlantic Hotel,	6 48	7 00	6 05	6 15
Morehead C'y;	7 02	7 07	6 17	6 27
Atlantic,	7 18	7 18	6 47	6 52
Wildwood,	7 23	7 23	7 00	7 05
Newport,	7 30	7 33	7 17	7 34
Havelock,	7 51	7 53	8 00	8 10
Croatan;	8 07	8 07	8 28	8 33
Riverdale,	8 12	8 12	8 41	8 45
Newberne,	8 37	8 50	9 22	1 30
Clark's,	9 08	9 08	2 02	2 12
Tuscarora,	9 18	9 18	2 24	2 30
Core Creek,	9 32	9 32	2 54	3 00
Dover,	9 48	9 48	3 25	3 49
Caswell,	9 59	9 59	4 00	4 05
Kinston,	10 08	10 13	4 25	5 00
Falling Creek,	10 26	10 26	5 24	5 30
La Grange,	10 42	10 45	5 54	6 04
Best's,	10 56	11 00	6 24	6 34
Goldsboro,	11 30		7 20	
	A. M.	A. M.	A M	A M

Train 50 connects with Wilmington & Weldon train bound North, leaving Goldsboro 11:50 a. m., and with Richmond & Danville train West, leaving Goldsboro 2:40 p. m.

Train 51 connects with Richmond & Danville train, arriving at Goldsboro 2:55 p. m., and with Wilmington & Weldon train from the North, at 3 10 p. m.

Train 2 connects with Wilmington & Weldon through freight train, North bound, leaving Goldsboro at 9:50 p. m.

S. L. DILL,
Superintendent.

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